The Columbian

AND

Bloomsburg Democrat.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING IN THE COLUMBIAN BUILDING NEAR THE COURT HOUSE, BLOOMSBURG, PA., BY

CHARLES B. BROCKWAY,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Terms--Two Dollars a Year payable in advance.

JOB PRINTING

Of all descriptions executed with neatness and dispatch at reasonable rates.

The Columbian.

VOLUME VI. - - - NO. 4. BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JANUARY 26, 1872. COL. DEM. - - - VOL. XXXV - - NO. 49.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One inch, (twelve lines or its equivalent in Nonpareil type) one or two insertions, $1.50 three insertions, $2.00

SPACE.	1M.	2M.	3M.	6M.	1Y.
One inch	$2 50	$3,00	$4,00	$8,00	$12,00
Two inches	3,50	5 00	7,00	9,00	15,00
Three inches	5,00	7,00	9,00	12,00	18 00
Four inches	7,00	9,00	11,00	17,00	25,00
Quarter column	10,00	12,00	14,00	20,00	30,00
Half column	15,00	18,00	20,00	30,00	40,00
One column	30,00	36,00	40,00	60,00	100,00

Executor's or Administrator's Notice, $3,00
Auditor's or Assignee's Notice, $2,50.

Local notices, twenty cents a line.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, $5,00 per year for the first two lines, and $1,00 for each additional line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—WILLIAM ELWELL.
Associate Judges—IRAM DERR, ISAAC S. MONROE.
Prothonotary, &c.—RUDOLPH H. RINGLER.
Register & Recorder—WILLIAMSON H. JACOBY.
District Attorney—JAMES DEVSON, JR.
Sheriff—AARON SMITH.
Surveyor—ISAAC DEWITT.
Treasurer—WILLIAM LAMOR.
Commissioners—LYRUS ROBBINS, HIRAM J. REEDER, WILLIAM SHAFFER.
Commissioners' Clerk—WILLIAM KRICKBAUM.
Auditors—C. J. CAMPBELL, DANIEL LEE, CHARLES CONNER.
Coroner—CHARLES G. MURPHY.
Jury Commissioners—ISAAC MCBRIDE, JOHN MCANALLY.
County Superintendent—CHARLES G. BARKLEY

Eleem Poor District—Directors, S. H. MILLER WILLIAM KRAMER, Bloomsburg, and JOHNSON IRELER, Greenwood, CHARLES CONNER, Sec'y.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

Bloomsburg Banking Co.—JOHN A. FUNSTON President, R. H. GROTZ, Cashier.
First National Bank—CHAS. R. PAXTON, Pres't, J. P. TUSTIN, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. LITTLE, Pres't., C. W. MILLER, Sec'y.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—JOHN THOMAS, Pres't., J. R. ROBISON, Sec.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. J. BROWER, President, C. G. BARKLEY, Sec'y.

Bloomsburg Directory.

PAPER BAGS just received and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

CLOTHING, &c.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor, Main St., above American House.

WM. MORRIS, Merchant Tailor corner of Centre and Main st., over Miller's store.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

E. P. LUTZ, Druggist and Apothecary. Main st. below the Post Office.

MOYER BROS., Druggists and Apothecaries, Brower's block Main st.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c.

C. E. SAVAGE, dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the American House.

LOUIS BERNHARD, Watch and Clock maker near southeast corner Main and Iron sts.

R. CATHCART, Watch and Clock Maker, Market street, below Main.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

E. M. KNORR, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, latest and best styles, corner Main and Market Streets, in the old Post Office.

DAVID BETZ, Boot and Shoemaker, Main st. below Hartman's store, west of Market.

HENRY KLEIM, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Groceries, etc., Main street, East Bloomsburg.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. H. C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., above the Court House.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office over the First National Bank.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Office, 2d floor in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange Hotel."

J. B. MCKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician northside Main st., below Market.

C. RITTER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician Market street, above Main.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office Hartman's building, Main street.

DR. B. F. KINNEY, Surgeon Dentist.—Teeth extracted without pain: Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, south side Main street, below Market.

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

E. PETERMAN, Millinery and Fancy Goods, opposite Episcopal Church, Main st,

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, Milliner, Ramsey building Main street.

MISS M. DERRICKSON, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below Market.

MRS. JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, Ladies' Cloaks and Dress Patterns, southeast corner Main and West sts.

THE MISSES HARMAN Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below American House.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

FORKS HOTEL, by T. Bent. Taylor, east end of Main street.

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

C. MARR, Dry Goods and Notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts.

FOX & WEBB, Confectionery and Bakery, wholesale and retail, Exchange Block.

H. C. HOWER, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Main st., above Court House.

J. H. MAIZE, Mammoth Grocery, fine Groceries, Fruits, Nuts, Provision, &c., Main and Centre Streets.

M'KELVY, NEAL & CO., dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Salt, Fish, Iron, Nails, etc., N. E. cor. Main and Market sts.

S. H. MILLER & SON, dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Flour, Salt, Shoes, Notions, etc., Main st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. M. CHRISTMAN, Saddle, Trunk & Harness-maker, Shive's Block Main Street.

D. W. ROBBINS, liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts.

E. J. THORNTON, Wall Paper, Window Shades and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st.

G. W. CORELL, Furniture Rooms, three story brick, Main Street, west of Market st.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Robbins & Eyer's Store, Main st.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Chemberlin's alley, rear of American House.

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road.

WM. RABB, dealer in furniture, trunks, cedar willow ware, near the Forks Hotel.

E. B. BIDLEMAN, Agent for Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod.

C. FOSTER, Glue Maker, and White and Fancy Tanner, Scottown.

NOTE BOOKS, and blank NOTES, with or without exemption, for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

Catawissa.

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St. Robbins' Building.

DR. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician Second St., below Main.

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street

J. B. KISTLER, "Cattawissa House," North Corner Main and Second Streets.

L. KEILER, Billard Saloon, Oysters, and Ice Cream in season Main St.

M. M. BROEST, dealer in General Merchandise Dry Goods, Groceries &c.

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, S. Kostenbader Proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Street.

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney at law, Main St.

Light Street.

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above School House.

JOHN A. OMAN, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes

R. S. ENT, dealer in Stoves and Tin ware in all its branches.

PETER ENT, Miller, and dealer in all kinds of Grain, Flour, Feed, &c. All kinds of Grain purchased.

Espy.

J. D. WERKHEISER, Boot and Shoe Store and manufactory. Shop on Main Street opposite the Steam Mill.

W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufacturing.

Buck Horn.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries and general merchandise.

Orangeville Directory.

D. B. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main st., below Pine.

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment Saloon, by Rohr M'Henry cor. of Main and Pine st.

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, Physician and Surgeon Main st., next door to Good's Hotel.

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street.

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker, Main St., below Pine.

SCHUYLER & CO., Iron founders, Machinists and Manufacturers of plows, Mill St.

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hayhurst Grain Cradle, Main St.

WILLIAM DELONG Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill St., west of Pine

Philadelphia Directory.

HORTICULTURAL HALL

Restaurant and Dinning Rooms.

FRANK SMITH, Proprietor.

PHILADELPHIA,

N. B. The location is central, the assistants attentive, and the tables supplied with the best the market affords, fresh and well cooked. Give him a call.

RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT, JR.

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

NO. 128 SOUTH SIXTH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA

jan. 1'71—1y

J. M. KEPHEART,

WITH

BARNES, BRO. & HERRON,

HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS & FURS,

No. 503 Market Street,

(Above Fifth,)

PHILADELPHIA.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,

PHILADELPHIA,

Dealers in

TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES

RICE, SPICES, BI CARB SODA, &C., &C.

Orders will receive prompt attention.

may 10,67-tf.

Business Cards.

C. B. BROCKWAY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

OFFICE—Court House Alley, in the COLUMBIAN building. [Jan4,'67.

A. L. TURNER

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

OFFICE over Lutz's Drug Store. Residence Market Street, 1st door below Rev. D. J. Waller. dec16'70.

C. W. MILLER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office Court House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office. Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. Bloomsburg Pa. sep.20'67

ROBERT F. CLARK,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office Main Street below the Court House. Bloomsburg Penn'a.

E. H. LITTLE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office Court-House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office, Bloomsburg Pa.

CHARLES C. LEIDY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

OFFICE ON OAK STREET, MOUNT CARMEL

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY, PA.

Collections promptly made, Conveyancing neatly executed and all other business connected with his profession carefully attended to in Montour, Northumberland and Columbia counties. may 19,71-6.

BARGAINS—BARGAINS.

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS.

SAVE YOUR MONEY,

Go to

HENRY YOST,

East Bloomsburg Pa., for all kinds of the best home and city made

FURNITURE.

Prices reasonable and the best work done. jan 1'71—tf

VETERINARY.

AUGUST FRIEND,

late from Germany, offers his services to the public as a celebrated

HORSE AND COW DOCTOR,

and all other animals, for which his charges are moderate. He can always be found east side of Berwick road, near H. Jacoby's Marble Yard. Bloomsburg, May 12, 1871-1y.

E. J. THORNTON would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity, that he has just received a full and complete assortment of

WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,

FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,

and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment. mar.5,'69-tf Main St. below Market.

MAGAZINES, DAILY & WEEKLY PAPERS OF ALL KINDS

AT THE BOOK STORE OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE.

Also an assortment of Portemonnaies, Pass Books and Account Books, constantly on hand. Books not on hand obtained on short notice.

New Books are constantly being added to the "Bloomsburg Circulating Library." Among the latest are "Guilt and Innocence," "Motheress," "Sir Harry," "Hot Spur of Rumblethwait," and "Merquesa," etc. apr 28,'71—tf

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP.

ISAIAH HAGENBUCH,

Main Street one door above E. Mendenhall's Store.

A large assortment of Stoves, Heaters and Ranges constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest rates.

Tinning in all its branches carefully attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Tin work of all kinds wholesale and retail. A trial is requested. Jan 1'71

NEW COAL YARD.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the citizens of Bloomsburg and Columbia county, that they keep all the different numbers of stove coal and selected lump coal for smithing purposes, on their wharf, adjoining M'Kelvy, Neal & Co's Furnace; with a good pair of Buffalo scales on the wharf, to weigh coal, hay, and straw Likewise a horse and wagon, to deliver coal to those who desire it. As they purchase a large amount of coal, they intend to keep a superior article, and sell at the very lowest prices. Please call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere. J. W. HENDERSHOT,

AUGUSTUS MASON.

Bloomsburg Mar. 19,'69-1y.

THE undersigned will take in exchange for Coal and Groceries, the following named articles:—Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, Lard, Ham, Shoulder, and side meat, Butter Eggs, Hay, &c., at the highest cash prices, at his Grocery Store, adjoining their coal yard.

J. W. HENDERSHOT.

Bloomsburg Mar. 19,'69-1y.

CURLING CREAM.

By using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. This is the only article that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give to it a beautiful appearance. It also invigorates, beautifies and cleanses. It can be so applied as to cause the hair to curl any length of time desired. Sent by mail for 50 cts. a package. Address

ABNER TOWNSLEY,

Middletown, Adams Co., Pa.

sept1'71-6m.

BLOOMSBURG

MARBLE WORKS.

MAIN STREET, BELOW MARKET,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Monuments, Tombs, Headstones, &c. Work neatly executed. Orders by mail will receive special attention. N. B. Work delivered free of charge. T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor.

oct13'71-tf. P. O. Box 297.

BUSINESS CARDS,

VISITING CARDS,

LETTER HEADS,

BILL HEADS,

PROGRAMMES,

POSTERS,

&c., &c.

Neatly and Cheaply Printed

From the Latest Styles of Type at the

COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

Miscellaneous.

DENTISTRY.

H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,

Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH which will be inserted on gold plating silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.

Residence and office a few doors above the Court House, same side.

Bloomsburg, Jan. 1'71—1y

VULCAN WORKS,

DANVILLE PA.

WILLIAM H. LAW,

Manufacturer of Wrought Iron Bridges, Boilers, Gasholders, Fireproof Buildings, Wrought Iron Roofing, Roofing Frames, Flooring and Doors, Farm Gates and fencing, also Wrought iron piping, Stacks and all kinds of Smith Work, &c. Repairs promptly attended to.

N. B. Drawings and Estimates supplied. oct27'71-1y.

THE GREAT MAGICAL

HAIR FORCER!

Will force a beautiful set of Whiskers or Mustache, in from two to three months, on any person over twelve years old. It is one of the best preparations to make the whiskers grow that ever was known. One bottle of it is sufficient to produce a very strong beard. It does not in any way stain or injure the skin. Try it! It is no humbug. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sent by mail post paid, to any address, on receipt of price. Address WILLIAM C. WAGNER,

Arendtsville, Adams County, Penna

aug.18,'71-1y.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Wyoming	$211,000
Ætna	1,000,000
Fulton N. Y.	400,000
North America	300,000
City	400,000
International N.Y.	1,400,000
Niagara N.Y.	1,000,000
Merchants	300,000
Springfield	200,000
Farmers' Danville, N.Y.	200,000
Albany City	400,000
Louisville, Horse Theft	Mutual.
Atlantic, N.Y.	1,000,000
Germania, N.Y.	500,000

FREAS BROWN, *Agent*,

may 2'71—1y. BLOOMSBURG Pa.

BOOK AGENTS have long wanted a novelty which will sell at sight in every family.

THE PICTORIAL

FAMILY REGISTER

is the only work extant which satisfies this want. It is beautiful and striking combining an entirely new and elegant FAMILY PHOTOGRAPH ALBUM with a complete FAMILY HISTORY. *Exactly* what the people have long wished. Selling rapidly. AGENTS are dropping the old books to take hold of the useful and beautiful "*Register*." A few late Reports from Agents are: 11 in 2 days; 13 in 3 days; 16 in 1 week,—getting Agents $25 to $50 per week. Full particulars and Circulars free. Address

GEO. MACLEAN, Publisher,

715 Sansom Street, Philadelphia.

HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE

THE SIMPLEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST IN USE! HAS BUT ONE NEEDLE! A CHILD CAN RUN IT!

Designed especially for the use of families, and ladies who desire to knit for the market. Will do every stitch of the knitting in a stocking, widening and narrowing as readily as by hand. Are splendid for worsteds and fancy work. TAKING FIVE DIFFERENT KINDS OF STITCH! Are very easy to manage, and not liable to get out of order. Every Family should have one.

We want an Agent in every town to introduce and sell them, to whom we offer the most liberal inducements. Send for our Circular and Sample Stocking. Address

HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE CO.,

nov. 10,'71-1y. Bath, Me.

H. C. HOWER,

has opened a first-class

BOOT, SHOE, HAT CAP, AND FUR STORE,

at the old stand on Main Street, Bloomsburg, a few doors above the Court House. His stock is composed of the very latest and best styles ever offered to the citizens of Columbia County. He can accommodate the public with the following goods at the lowest rates. Men's heavy double soled stogn boots, men's double and single tap soled kip boots, men's heavy stogn shoes, full kinds, men's fine boots and shoes of all grades, boy's double soled boots and shoes of all kinds, men's glove kid Balmoral shoes, men's, women's, boys's and misses' leading gaiters, women's glove kid Polish very fine, women's morocco Balmorals and calf shoes, women's very fine kid buttoned gaiters. In short boots of all descriptions both pegged and sewed.

He would also call attention to his fine assortment of

HATS, CAPS, FURS AND NOTIONS,

which comprises all the new and popular varieties at prices which cannot fail to suit all. These goods are offered at the lowest cash rates and will be guaranteed to give satisfaction. A call is solicited before purchasing elsewhere as it is believed that better bargains are to be found than at any other place in the county. Jan 1'71

EXCHANGE BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

The undersigned, successors of F. Widmyer, would respectfully announce that they have taken the well-established stand recently occupied by the above named, in Bloomsburg, and prepared to continue the business of manufacturing and selling, by

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Confectionery of every style and kind. Also, they will have at all times a complete supply of the best and freshest Bread and Cake. Parties desiring anything in this line will find it to their advantage to call on us.

AN ICE CREAM SALOON

is added to the establishment, and ladies and others who may patronize us, may rely upon receiving proper attention. A reasonable share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. Raspberry, Lemon, and other Syrups, in large and small quantities, constantly on hand.

DECKER & STECKEL.

May 5, 1871.—1y

Hotels.

MONTOUR HOUSE

RUPERT, PA.

WILLIAM BUTLER, Proprietor,

This House having been put in thorough repair is now open for the reception of guests. No pains will be spared to ensure the perfect comfort of the travelers. The Proprietor solicits a share of public patronage. The bar will be stocked at all times with fine liquors and cigars. Jan'71

BENTON HOTEL.

W. F. PIATT, Proprietor,

BENTON, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

This well known House having been put in thorough repair is now open for the reception of visitors. No pains have been spared to ensure the perfect comfort of guests. The proprietor also runs a Stage from the Hotel to Bloomsburg and intermediate points on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week. Jan 1'71

THE ESPY HOTEL.

ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

The undersigned would inform the travelling public that he has taken the above named establishment and thoroughly refitted the same for the perfect convenience of his guests. His larder will be stocked with the best the market affords. The choicest liquors, wines and cigars always to be found in his bar.

WILLIAM PETTIT,

Espy, Pa.

BLANK DEEDS.

We now have the finest assortment of BLANK DEEDS on hand and for sale that were ever kept in Bloomsburg. Large size on best parchment paper, Common Deeds, Executor's and Administrator's Deeds—small size good paper (cheap) Common Deeds, &c.

THE NATION

Its Rulers and Institutions.

IN ENGLISH AND GERMAN.

Nothing like it. Strikes everybody as just the book they need. It is an Encyclopædia of the Government. Single pages in it, are of themselves worth the price of the book. Over 500 pages and only $2.50. **A Rich Harvest** for Canvassers—ladies and gentlemen—farmers, teachers and students. *One agent took 75 orders in a few days, with entire success, before the book appeared.* **$80 a day** can be cleared in fair territory. Write at once for Circular and information. NEW WORLD PUBLISHING CO., Cor. 7th and Market Streets, Philadelphia. oct. 6,'71-3y.

JUSTICE'S BLANKS.

We now have on hand a large neatly printed assortment of JUSTICE'S and CONSTABLES BLANKS, to which we invite the attention of these officers.

Poetical.

For the Columbian.

Dreaming.

I am sitting sadly dreaming
Of the time when long ago,
Side by side we strolled together,
Down where water lilies grow.

Then we thought no clouds would gather
O'er our future bright and clear;
But, alas! they came and thickened
Over all we held most dear.

Let us think of this no longer,
For to me 'tis sad and drear;
We shall meet again in heaven
When life's work is over here.

—BLANCHE.

A Song of the Twentieth Century.

BY JEAN INGELOW.

The city, he saith, is fairer far
Than one which stood of old;
It gleams in the light, all crimson bright
With shifting glimmers of gold.
Where be the homes my fathers built,
The houses where they prayed?
I see in no sod the paths they trod,
Nor the stones my father laid.
O'er the domes they spread, the roofs they reared,
Has passed the levelling tide,
My fathers lie low, and their sons outgrow
The bounds of their skill and pride,
Shifting, sweeping, change.
It plays with man's endeavor,
They carved these names most strange,
And they said, "Abide for ever."

The city, I say, lieth far away
Whereto no change may come;
It has rays manifold of crimson and gold,
But I cannot count their sum.
They sigh no more by its happier shore
Who wander, foreboding not,
Or waning away of a changeful day,
Or changing of life and lot.
They dream not there on earth's changing face,
Or mutable wind and sea—
Thou art changeless, grant me a place
In that far city with Thee!
There record my name,
Father! forget thee never,
For thy thought is still the same,
Yesterday, to-day and forever.

Miscellaneous.

CONDEMNED BY A CLOCK.

On a Summer evening, some years ago, a man was found murdered in a field near a certain town in the West of England. The name of the field was "Pardon's Piece."

The man was a small carpenter and builder in the town, who bore an indifferent character. On the evening in question a distant relative of his, employed as a farm bailiff by a gentleman in the neighborhood, happened to be passing on a stile which led from a field into a road, and saw a gentleman leaving the field by the stile rather in a hurry. He recognized the gentleman (whom he knew by sight only) as a Mr. Dubourg.

The two passed each other on the road in opposite directions. After a certain lapse of time—estimated as being half an hour—the farm bailiff had occasion to pass along the same road. On reaching the stile, he heard an alarm raised, and entered the field to see what was the matter. He found several persons running from the further side of Pardon's Piece toward a boy who was standing in the back of a cattle shed, in a remote part of the enclosure, screaming with terror. At the boy's feet lay, face downward, the dead body of a man, with his head horribly beaten in. His watch was under him, hanging out of his pocket by the chain. It had stopped—evidently in consequence of the concussion of the owner's fall on it—at half-past eight. The body was still warm. All the other valuables like the watch were left on it. The farm bailiff instantly recognized the man as a carpenter and builder mentioned above.

At the preliminary inquiry, the stoppage of the watch at half-past eight was taken as offering good circumstantial evidence that the blow which had killed the man had been struck at that time.

The next question was if any one had been seen near the body at half-past eight.

The farm bailiff declared that he had met Mr. Dubourg hastily leaving the field by the stile at that very time. When asked if he had looked at his watch, he replied that he had not. Certain previous circumstances, which he mentioned as having impressed themselves on his memory, enabled him to feel sure of the truth of this assertion without having consulted his watch. He was pressed on this point, but he held to his declaration. At half-past eight he had seen Mr. Dubourg hurriedly leave the field. At half-past eight the watch of the murdered man had stopped.

Had any other person been observed in or near the field at that time?

No witness could be discovered who had seen any body else near the place. Had the weapon turned up with which the blow had been struck? It had not been found. Was any one known (robbery having plainly not been the motive of the crime) to have entertained a grudge against the murdered man? It was no secret that he associated with doubtful characters, male and female; but suspicion failed to point to any one of them in particular.

In this state of things there was no alternative but to request Mr. Dubourg—well known, in and out of the town, as a young gentleman of independent fortune, bearing an excellent character—to give some account of himself.

He immediately admitted that he had passed through the field. But, in contradiction to the farm bailiff, he declared that he had looked at his watch the moment before he had crossed the stile; and that the time by it was exactly quarter past eight. Five minutes later—that is to say ten minutes before the murder had been committed, on the evidence of the dead man's watch—he had paid a visit to a lady living near Pardon's Piece, and had remained with her until his watch, consulted once more on leaving the lady's house, informed him that it was a quarter to nine.

Here was the defense called an alibi. It entirely satisfied Mr. Dubourg's friends.

To satisfy justice it was necessary to call the lady as a witness. In the meantime another purely formal question was put to Mr. Dubourg. Did he know anything of the murdered man?

With some appearance of confusion, Mr. Dubourg admitted that he had been induced (by a friend) to employ the man on some work. Further interrogation extracted from him the following statement of facts:

That the work had been very badly done; that an exorbitant price had been charged for it; that the man, on being remonstrated with, had behaved in a grossly impertinent manner; that an altercation had taken place between them; that Mr. Dubourg had seized the man by the collar of his coat, and had turned him out of the house; that he had called the man an infernal scoundrel, (being in a passion at the time,) and had threatened to "thrash him within an inch of his life" (or words to that effect) if he ever presumed to come near the house again; that he had sincerely regretted his own violence the moment he recovered his self-possession; and lastly, that, on his oath, (the altercation having occurred six weeks ago) he had never spoken to the man, or set eyes on the man, since.

As the matter then stood, these circumstances were considered as being unfortunate circumstances for Mr. Dubourg—nothing more. He had his alibi to appeal to, and his character to appeal to; and nobody doubted the result.

The lady appeared as witness.

Confronted with Mr. Dubourg, on the question of time, and forced to answer, she absolutely contradicted him on the testimony of the clock on her own mantelpiece. In substance, her evidence was simply this: She looked at her clock when Mr. Dubourg entered the room, thinking it rather a late hour for a visitor to call on her. The clock (regulated by the maker only the day before) pointing to twenty-five minutes to nine. Practical experiment showed that the time required to walk the distance, at a rapid pace, from the stile to the lady's house, was just five minutes. Here, then, was the statement of the farm bailiff (himself a respectable witness) corroborated by another witness of excellent position and character. The clock, on being examined next, was found to be right. The evidence of the clock-maker proved that he kept the key, and that there had been no necessity to wind it up again, since he had performed both those acts the day preceding Mr. Dubourg's visit. The accuracy of the clock thus vouched for, the conclusion of the evidence was irresistible. Mr. Dubourg stood convicted of having been in the field at the time when the murder was committed; of having, by his own admission, had a quarrel with the murdered man not long before, terminating in assault and a threat on his side; and, lastly, as having attempted to set up an alibi by a false statement of the question of time. There was no alternative but to commit him to take his trial at the Assizes, charged with the murder of the builder in Pardon's Piece.

The trial occupied two days.

No new facts of importance were discovered in the interval. The evidence followed the course which it had taken at the preliminary examination, with this difference only—that it was most carefully sifted. Mr. Dubourg had the advantage of securing the leading barrister of the circuit, and of moving the irrepressible sympathies of the jury, shocked at his position, and eager for proof of his innocence. By the end of the first day the evidence had told against him with such irrepressible force that his own counsel despaired of the result. When the prisoner took his place in the dock on the second day, there was but one conviction in the minds of the people in court; everybody said: "The clock will hang him."

It was nearly two o'clock in the afternoon, and the proceedings were on the point of being adjourned for half an hour, when the attorney for the defense was seen to hand a paper to the counsel for the defense.

The counsel arose showing signs of agitation, which aroused the curiosity of the audience. He demanded an immediate hearing of a new witness, whose evidence in the prisoner's favor he declared to be too important to be delayed for one single moment. After a short colloquy between the Judge and barristers on either side, the Court decided to continue the sitting.

The witness appearing in the box proved to be a young woman in delicate health. On the evening when the prisoner had paid his visit to the lady, she was in that lady's service as housemaid. The day after she had been permitted (by previous arrangement with her mistress) to take a week's holiday, and go on a visit to her husband in the West of Cornwall. While there she had fallen ill, and had not been strong enough since to return to her employment. Having given this preliminary account of herself, the housemaid then narrated the following extraordinary particulars in relation to her mistress' clock.

On the morning of the day when Mr. Dubourg had called at the house she had been cleaning the mantelpiece. She had rubbed the part of it which was under the clock with her duster, had accidentally struck the pendulum and stopped it. Having once before done this, she had been severely reproved. Fearing that a repetition of the offence only the day after the clock had been regulated by the maker might lead perhaps to a withdrawal of her leave of absence, she had determined to put matters right again, if possible.

After poking under the clock in the dark, and failing to set the pendulum going again properly in that way, she next attempted to lift the clock and give it a shake. It was set in a marble case, with a bronze figure on the top, and it was so heavy that she was obliged to hunt for something which she could use as a lever.

The thing proved to be lot easy to find on the spur of the moment. Having at last laid her hand on what she wanted, she contrived so to lift the clock a few inches and drop it again on the mantelpiece as to set it going again. The next necessity was, of course, to move the hands on. Here again she was met by an obstacle. There was a difficulty in opening the glass case which protected the dial. After uselessly searching for some instrument to help her, she got from the footman (without telling him what she wanted it for,) a small chisel. With this she opened the case, after accidentally scratching the brass frame of it, and set the hands by guess. She was flurried at the time, fearing that her mistress would discover her. Later in the day she found that she had overestimated the interval of the time that had passed while she was attempting to put the clock right. She had, in fact, set it exactly a quarter of an hour too fast!

No safe opportunity of secretly putting the clock right again had occurred until the last thing at night. She had then moved the hands back to the right time. At the hour of the evening when Mr. Dubourg had called on her mistress, she positively swore that the clock was a quarter of an hour too fast. It had pointed as her mistress had declared, to twenty-five minutes to nine—the right time then being, as Mr. Dubourg had asserted, twenty minutes past eight.

Questioned as to why she had refrained from giving this extraordinary evidence at the inquiry before the magistrate, she declared that in a distant Cornish village to which she had gone the next day, and in which her illness had detained her from that time, nobody had heard of the inquiry or the trial. She would not have been present to state the vitally important circumstances to which she had sworn if the prisoner's twin brother had not found her out on the previous day, had not questioned her if she knew anything about the clock, and had (hearing what she had to tell) in-listed on her taking the journey with him to the Court the next morning.

This evidence virtually decided the trial. There was a great burst of relief in the crowded assembly when the woman's statement had come to an end.

She was closely cross examined, as a matter of course. Her character was inquired into; corroborated evidence (relating to the chisel and the scratches on the frame) was sought for, and was obtained. The end of it was that, at a late hour on the second evening, the jury acquitted the prisoner without leaving the box. It was not too much to say that his life had been saved by his brother. His brother alone had persisted, from first to last, in obstinately disbelieving the clock—for no better reason than that the clock was the witness which asserted the prisoner's guilt. He had worried everybody with incessant inquiries; he had discovered the absence of the house-maid after the trial had begun; and he had started off to interrogate the girl; knowing nothing and suspecting nothing—simply determined to persist in the one everlasting question with which he persecuted everybody, "The clock is going to hang my brother; can you tell me anything about the clock?"

Four months later the mystery of the crime was cleared up. One of the disreputable companions of the murdered man confessed on his death-bed that he had done the deed. There was nothing interesting or remarkable in the circumstances. Chance, which had put innocence in peril, had offered impunity to guilt. An infamous woman, a jealous quarrel, and an absence at the moment of witnesses on the spot—these were really the common place materials which had composed the tragedy of Pardon's Piece.

RIDING horse-back just at night through the woods in Saginaw County, Michgan, I came into a clearing, in the middle of which stood a log house, its owner sitting in the open door smoking his pipe. Stopping my horse before him, the following conversation ensued.

"Good evening, sir," said I.

"Good evening."

"Can I get a glass of milk of you to drink?"

"Well! I don't know. Ask the old woman."

By this time the wife was standing at his side.

While drinking it I asked:

"Think we are going to get a storm?"

"Well! I really don't know. Ask the old woman—she cant tell."

"I guess we shall get one right away," said the wife.

Again I asked:

"How much land have you got cleared here?"

"Well! I don't really know. Ask the old woman—she knows."

"About nineteen acres," said she, again answering.

"Just then a troop of children came running and shouting around the corner of the shanty.

"All these your children?" said I.

"Don't know. Ask the old woman—she knows best."

I didn't wait to hear her repiy, but drew rein, and left immediately.

Animal Sagacity.

The workmen in the engine house of the New Haven Railroad at Springfield, Mass., were greatly amused a few days since by the movements of a weasel that had killed a rat, nearly as large as himself, in one of the engine pits. The side of the pit being perpendicular, and the rat too heavy for the weasel to carry up in his teeth, the question arose how he should get him out. It looked like a difficult task, but the weasel was equal to the emergency. After several unsuccessful attempts to shoulder the rat and climb up the side he laid him down and went about to the different corners of the pit on a tour of inspection. Finally selecting one in which sufficient dirt had accumulated to make an elevation of several inches, he went back, dragged the rat to the corner, and stood him upon his hind legs. He then clambered out of the pit, and going to the corner where he had left the rat, let himself down by his hind feet from above, clasped the rat around the neck with his fore paws, pulled him up and trotted off with him to his hole. The weasel is one which made his appearance at the shops some time ago, and which, by being unmolested, has become quite tame.

ANECDOTE OF JUDGE DOOLY.—The name of Judge Dooly has become a part of the history of Georgia. He had few superiors as a lawyer, and ranked as the best wit of his day in the State. He told the following story with better effect than we can reproduce it in print.

Bob Harper, who lived on Kettle Creek, in Wilkes county, was fined five dollars for fighting during court week.

Bob was a wag, and said he would have the worth of his money out of the Judge. It happened the Judge was on his circuit—on horseback in those days—and passing by Bob's house on the creek, which was swollen by a heavy rain. He wanted to know if the creek was swimming.

"I reckon it is," said Bob, "you will get a cold bath, if you try it."

"I'll strip and make my horse swim it, if you will go up the creek and bring my clothes over," said the Judge.

Off went his neither garments, and over went the Judge, his horse not going over his knees, the creek being broad but shallow. As the Judge got over, several persons were enjoying the fun from a store piazza, neither Bob nor his clothing made their appearance. The Judge was mad, cold and shivering.

Bob was on his side of the creek, and bawled out, "Judge, you can have your breeches for five dollars."

"Bring them over," said the Judge. "I'm sold. You may fight at the next court all the week, and I'll not fine you."

As Artemus Ward was once traveling in the cars, dreading to be bored, and feeling miserable, a man approached him, sat down and said:

"Did you hear the last thing on Horace Greeley?"

"Greeley? Greeley?" said Artemus, "Horace Greeley?" Who is he?"

The man was quiet about five minutes. Pretty soon he said:

"George Francis Train is kicking up a good deal of a row over in England; do you think they will put him in a bastile?"

"Train, Train, George Francis Train," said Artemus, solemnly, "I never heard of him."

This ignorance kept the man quiet for fifteen minutes, then he said:

"What do you think about Gen. Grant's chances for the Presidency?"

"Grant! Grant! hang it man!" said Artemus, "you appear to know more strangers than any man I ever saw."

The man was furious; he walked up the car, but at last come back and said:

"You confounded ignoramus, did you ever hear of Adam?

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, January 26, 1872.

Growling Democrats.

Our organization, like others, is infested with a great many chronic faultfinders; men who groan over defeats which they did not try to avert, or who prophecy future disaster and sit down to moan and await it. Faith in success is always half a victory; and he is most likely to achieve it who, without counting all the doubtful chances as against him, resolutely determines to go to work and *earn* it. The fact is that the army of growlers are to a party what "bummers" are to an army. They swell its numbers, consume its substance, pick up any stray stealings, and in a fight are the first to desert to the enemy. They, like the "bummers," complain of their leaders, object to discipline, always demand promotion, and betray their organization if their private interests are benefitted thereby.

Whenever we hear a man cry out about "rings," or boast of his own political purity, we feel certain that he has been thwarted in some scheme for personal aggrandizement, or that the public failed to estimate him at the value he puts upon himself.

Our object now is to warn the people against these malcontents. It is the duty of every man professing to be a Democrat, to buckle on his armor and attempt to defeat the common foe; and *then*, if spoils be his object, let him quarrel over them; but he is a traitor to the cause who would attempt to breed discontent and dissension, or what is worse, turn his arms against the friends who trusted him. The true Democrat always fights the battles of his organization, and is not turned aside by petty disappointments nor by party reverses; but the greater the necessity for action the harder he labors.

We tell you, Democrats of Columbia county, that in the coming contest *the Democratic party will win*. We will carry the Legislature (and with it gain a U. S. Senator)—we will win the Governor—a majority in Congress—*and the President*. The Republicans are disorganized, whilst we are daily gaining strength. Proper candidates and a popular platform will insure us success, and *now* is the time to close the mouths of the political "bummers" in our own ranks, who, while they contribute nothing towards the cause, constantly stab at those who do.

Grant's Greatest.

This is preeminently the age of jobs, but it has remained for the President of the United States to endorse one, before which all others, San Domingo included, "pale their ineffectual fires;" we refer to the postal-telegraph scheme recommended by Grant in his last message to Congress. As this subject will probably be brought up for consideration at an early day, we desire our readers to be acquainted with its merits. It is proposed to buy all the telegraph lines of the country and place them under the management of the Post-Office Department. The cost of these purchases, although very large, amounting to some $30,000,000, is but a minor matter compared with the subsequent effects which would be produced by placing these lines under Government sway. The President gives as a reason why these lines should be purchased the probability that "the cost of telegraphing could be much reduced" and the business transacted equally as well "if not better" than in private hands. We believe the people pretty generally understand that the Government always pays more for labor and materials than individual operators, and that the chances are more decidedly in favor of an increase than a decrease of expenditures. Again, there would be no privacy in messages; all would be under the direct espionage of the administration through its employees. It is hardly necessary to dilate on the power which this would confer in cases of closely contested elections when the Democratic candidates would be compelled to abandon the use of the telegraph or expose their plans to unfriendly criticism. This is perhaps the strongest objection which exists. Grant, with that foreknowledge of paying investments which forms so strong a point in his character, has already purchased telegraph stock in anticipation of future emoluments. This alone should condemn the plan.

Another strong argument against the scheme lies in the fact that it would be placing in the hands of the Administration a powerful electioneering weapon The number of offices in the gift of the President is already enormous but who could estimate the number which would accrue to him, should these purchases be made? Thousands upon thousands of new offices could be erected, and men appointed to fill them, their positions depending upon the votes they cast. Miles of wires could be put up, whether necessary or not, for the purpose of providing situations for the hungry office seekers who besiege the White House. The salaries of these multitudinous employees, the cost of erecting and maintaining the lines and numberless incidental expenses would come from the pockets of the people, and this too on the problematical reduction, only, of the rates for sending messages.

We have seen enough of the uses to which this Administration can put any means placed in its hands, to know that this job if carried out would become a political engine to be used in controlling elections and the Democracy would actually be paying the salaries of countless officials all working with what zeal is in them to secure the triumph of the Republican party.

THE Boston *Transcript* says: "Benjamin Franklin is regarded by almost universal consent as the greatest man ever born in New England."

If this be so, we should be pleased to know where it is proposed to place Sumner? Are all his years of labor spent in cramming himself with apt quotations from the choicest classical sources, and used in his public oratorical efforts, to go for nothing? Franklin could not have delivered himself of anything like the amount of effervescent elocution in behalf of the "man and brother," and is all this to be overlooked? We trust that the Bostonians will pause before confirming the assertion of the *Transcript* and carefully regard the claims of their "library of select quotations."

The Administration and Reform.

In December last, when Senator Trumbull introduced his bill looking to the reform of corruptions and abuses in the administration of public affairs, Grant's supporters in the Senate were loud in their denunciations of the measure and vehement in their assertions of the purity of the Government. It was not until the people, through the press, had made known their determination to have an investigation that these gentlemen were convinced of the utter impossibility of maintaining their position.

In the Custom House Committee in New York we see the same desire to interpose obstacles in the unearthing of monstrous abuses, on the part of certain Senators, notable friends of the White House clique. Upon an occasion recently when a witness was giving damaging testimony as to the corruptness of officials, he was treated so uncivilly by Senator Stewart that he (Stewart) was rebuked by Senator Bayard, one of the two Democrats on the Committee, who said that the witness was not present for trial as a defaulter but for the purpose of giving testimony. So prompt have the papers been in publishing the proceedings and so damaging have these proved, that the Committee contemplate going to Washington to avoid further disclosures. By this change the Committee gets rid of troublesome witnesses and its future actions will virtually amount to nothing. Enough however has been disclosed to prove that Grant's bosom friend Leet has made thousands of dollars by unlawful and fraudulent charges and that Grant's military family at Washington knew the facts, if they, the President included, did not share the spoils. The people should demand a full investigation of this Custom House business and where improper and corrupt practices prevail, the offenders should be promptly dealt with, regardless of the rank of the offender. There has been so much virtuous indignation at Democratic Tammany Hall that Republican Custom House should have its fair share.

The New Militia Bill.

THE new Militia bill presented in the House of Representatives at Harrisburg, provides that all male citizens of the Commonwealth between the ages of 18 and 45 are to be enrolled as liable to militia duty. The exemptions, in addition to those for physical and other disabilities, are certain office-holders, and those who have served five years in the army and been honorably discharged therefrom. The sections which provide for the support of the State Militia are as follows:

Section 87. The amount of the State Military fund to be raised annually shall be at the rate of one dollar for each person on the last military enrolment returned by the Inspector General of the several divisions of the State to the Adjutant General, on or before the first day of November in each year.

Sec. 88. The Adjutant General, Auditor General and State Treasurer shall constitute the State Military Board, and shall meet immediately after this bill shall become a law, and on the first Monday of December thereafter, and on the first Monday of December of each succeeding year, and, after estimating the amount of the Military fund, together with the amount due from each county, *shall certify the same to the* Auditor General, to be filed in his office.

Sec. 89. It shall be the duty of the Auditor General, as soon as said certificate is received for the year, and on or before the first day of January of each year to notify the County Commissioners of the several counties of this State of the amount required, as aforesaid, from their counties respectively, which amount shall be taken into account by said Commissioners when they make their estimate of the probable expenses of their counties for the ensuing year; and, in addition to the county rates and levies now authorized by law, there shall be levied and collected, as other county rates and levies now are, a tax sufficient to raise the amount as aforesaid charged to the counties respectively, which amount shall be paid into the State Treasury at the same time that other levies upon counties for State purposes are paid. Said amounts so levied and collected for military purposes, and paid into the State Treasury, shall be held exclusively for military purposes.

Sec. 90. The State Military Board shall audit and adjust all military claims payable out of the State Military Fund, and after adjustment of any claim submitted to it, the Adjutant General shall issue his warrant for the amount thereof payable at the State Treasury.

THE PENSION BUREAU.—In reply to a series of interrogatories from Charles W. Willard, Chairman of the Committee on Revolutionary Pensions and War of 1812, Commissioner J. H. Baker has furnished the following interesting and valuable official information: During the war of 1812 the soldiers, sailors and marines who served for twelve months or longer were in number 63,179; the militia who served six months or more, 63,825; the militia who served three months or more, 125,643; the militia who served one month or more, 125,807, and the militia who served less than one month, 147,200, making a total of 527,654. The bounty land warrants issued to soldiers of the war of 1812 are approximately estimated at 181,000, of which 29,000 were issued under the act of 1812, and 22,500 under the act of September 28th, 1850, and 129,500 under the act of March 3d, 1855. The bounty land warrants issued to widows of soldiers of the war of 1812 amount in number to 82,190, of which 14,850 were issued under the act of September 28th, 1850, and 67,340 under the act of March 3d, 1855. The great majority of the above land warrants was issued in the few years immediately following the passage of the respective acts.

The Commissioner of Pensions promises a supplementary report on the questions as to the number of persons who served in the Indian Wars of the Northwest, and as to the number of land warrants issued to the soldiers of those wars and to their widows. Under the act of Congress of February 14th, 1871, giving pensions to the survivors of the war of 1812, there have, up to December 31st, 1871, been received 33,841 applications, of which 26,058 were made by survivors, and 7783 by widows. From February 14th to December 31st, 1871, there have been granted 11,720 pensions, or 10,371 to survivors, and 1349 to widows. The Commissioner estimates that of the applications for pensions by survivors about one-sixth will be rejected, and of the applications by widows about one-third.

LEGISLATURE.

IN the Senate on Wednesday of last week Mr. Wallace introduced a bill making it unlawful to commence proceedings to obtain possession under landlord and tenant act of 1863, unless such proceedings are founded on a written lease.

In the the House, Mr. Brockway, of Columbia, offered the following;

Resolved, That the general judiciary committee of this House be instructed to inquire if any railroad, chartered by this common wealths, and now owning coal lands or operating collieries in this State, have made false or incorrect returns to the Legislature or to the auditor-general as to the amount of their capital stock, dividends, real estate, tonnage, or gross receipts, or have withheld from the commonwealth any taxes due upon the same; with power to send for persons and papers upon reasonable cause for invistigation being shown.

Mr. Josephs objected to the resolution as being too general and vague in its terms, and asked for an explanation.

Mr. Brockway said that in the case of at least one coal carrying corporation—the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad—the amount of taxes had decreased within the three last years,

Bills were introduced:

Authorizing the State superintendent, with the advice and consent of the governor, to appoint on or before the first Monday of May, three citizens of each normal school district to act as trustees on the part of the State.

Preventing the buying, selling and giving away of any spirituous or malt liquor, wine, cider, or any substance containing alcohol on election day.

IN the Senate on Thursday of last week, the following new bills were introduced:

Mr. Warfel, amending the jury law, providing that the drawing of jurors shall be made under the supervision of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, or any two of them, and citizens who desire to be present.

Mr. Purman, providing that the measure of damages on a breach of penal contract shall be the actual loss proven.

Mr. White moved to take up the supplement to an act relating to changes of venue, all expenses to be paid by the county from which the suits are removed. Passed.

Mr. Buckalew moved to take up the act to authorize reformed voting in the election of school directors, applying the cumulative system of voting. Passed to third reading, and laid over.

In the House, the following bill was approved; Regulating the State Treasurer's deposits (taking effect at the end of the present official's term), giving the deposits to the highest bidder, who shall give proper security; such depositories be either State or National banks.

Mr. Dartt introduced a bill to prohibit the granting of any license in any city or borough, or township, unless a majority of the voters shall vote in favor of such license.

An act authorizing assignees of Insurances policies to sue in their own names, was reported by Mr. McJunkin.

In the House Friday of last week Mr. Lane offered a resolution that the committee on education be instructed to confer with the superintendent of common schools upon the subject of the expediency of compulsory education, and report by bill or otherwise. Passed.

Mr. McJunkin reported from the judiciary committee negatively a bill allowing facts to be pleaded in justification in libel and slander suits.

Mr. Gray, from the committee on federal relations, reported favorably a joint resolution instructing our congressmen to urge the passage of all the acts granting bounty lands to soldiers and sailors.

No business of importance was transacted in the Senate.

No business of importance was transacted in the Senate on Monday. In the House Mr. White offered a resolution to appoint a joint committee to fix the time and place for opening and publishing the returns for Auditor and Surveyor General, and in reference to the Constitutional Convention. Passed.

Messrs. White, Gatchell, and Brockway were appointed on the part of the House.

Mr. White introduced a supplement to an act relative to the election of Auditor and Surveyor General and county surveyors by the people, which provides that in case of the death of any person elected to said offices between the day of election and the first Tuesday of May next ensuing, the vacancy shall be filled until the second Tuesday of November next ensuing by appointment of the Governor. The election to fill the vacancy shall then be held on the day of the annual election in October.

The following bills were introduced. By Mr. Brockway an act to relieve laborers, workingmen, and journeymen frm certain prosecutions and indictments for conspiracy under the criminal laws of the Commonwealth.

A supplement to an act to establish judicial courts of the Commonwealth in conformity to alterations, and amendments in the constitution, 13th April, 1791, limiting time of taking writ of error, appeal, and certiorari to the Supreme Court.

In the Senate, a number of bills and petitions were offered, but none of general interest. In the House a large number of private bills were read and passed.

CONGRESS.

ON Wednesday of last week, the Amnesty bill was debated in the United States Senate. In the House an important debate took place on the proposed tinkering of the protectionist tariff. The Executive, Legislative, and Judicial Appropriation bill was reported to the House by the Committee on Appropriations. It appropriates about $17,000,000 for the next fiscal year, or $2,000,000 less than the estimates, and $2,500,000 less than the amount heretofore appropriated for the present fiscal year.

In the Senate Thursday the Judiciary Committee made an adverse report to the petition of certain women who asked the right to address the Senate from the floor on the subject of woman suffrage. The Finance Committee reported a bill defining the eight-hour law. The Military Committee reported a bill granting the issue of artificial limbs to all persons who lost either arms or legs in the armies of the United States, below the grade of captain. The bill was amended giving them to persons of all grades, either in the army or navy. Mr. Carpenter spoke for some time on the unconstitutionality of Grant's scheme of civil-service reform. In the house of Representatives Mr. Palmer, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the Post-office Appropriation bill. The bill appropriates $28,225,750, Mr. Clark, from the same committee, reported the Pension bill, which appropriates $30,480,000. The Virginia contested election was taken up and Mr. Braxton declared entitled to his seat.

No business of a national character was transacted in the House of Representatives on Friday, the greater part of the session being given up to the discussion of the Arkansas election case of Boles against Edwards. A bill for the funding of the debt of the city of Washington was passed, when the House adjourned. The Senate was not in session.

IN the Senate on Monday a petition from Mrs. Mary Ann R. Lee, widow of the late General R. E. Lee, in reference to the Arlington estate, was presented. She asks $300,000 for a clear title to the estate.

Mr. Ramsay introduced the Postal Telegraph bill. Mr. Garrett Davis in a scorching speech offered a resolution to inquire into President Grant's $5,000 defalcation and other efforts of that gentleman in the civil-service reform business.

It was bill day in the House. Mr. Farnsworth's resolution calling for an investigation into the affairs of the District of Columbia was adopted without a protest, every member that rose speaking most emphatically against the wholesale corruptions of Grant's appointees. One man, the delegate from the District, merely asked for a suspension of judgment. An appropriation of $50,000 was made to defray the expenses of the ambassadors of Japan.

The Apportionment bill was reported and the Amnesty bill was debated in the Senate on Tuesday. In the House the Apportionment bill, as reported by the Senate Judiciary Committee, is essentially changed. The total number of Representatives is cut down from 283 to 243.

NEWS.

ON Wednesday last week, the anniversary of Benjamin Franklin's birth, the bronze statue of the pioneer printer presented to the press and printers of New York by Captain DeGroot was formally unveiled by Professor Morse, before a large crowd assembled in Printing-house Square New York. The ceremonies included speeches by Dr. Prime, Professor Morse, Mr. Greeley, and Mr. C. C. Savage. In the evening a large company of litterateurs assembled at Delmonico's to honor the day.

IN a street-car in Utica Mrs. McCarty exchanged some angry words with Milton H. Thompson, who was accompanied by H. H. Hall, a coal dealer of Ogdensburg. She suddenly drew a revolver and shot at Thompson. The ball passed through his face and pierced Hall's heart. The latter fell dead in the car, but Thompson's wound is not considered dangerous. The woman was arrested.

A dispatch from Frankfort, Ky., says that a short time since a party of disguised men visited the house of a citizen in that county while a wedding was in progress and took possession of the premises. They fired off pistols and danced over the floor, and the fright occasioned to the daughter of this citizen caused her to go into spasms, succeeded by insanity.

LABOR REFORM.—A National Convention of the Labor Reform Party will be held in Columbus, Ohio, on Wednesday, Feb. 21st, 1872, to nominate candidates for President and Vice President of the United States, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before it.

PRESIDENT Gowan of the Phila. & Reading R. R., has agreed to advance fifty per cent. of the cost toward the erection of blast furnaces in the valley of the Schuylkill, on the line of the P. & R. railroad.

IN response to a letter signed by nearly one thousand Republicans Col. A. K. McClure has signified his willingness to run for the State Senate from the fourth district as a Reform Candidate. He will probably defeat Gray the ring nominee.

THE miners of the Wilkesbarre Coal and Iron Company have resumed work having yielded to the reduction in their wages made by the company, There is now no suspension in the Wyoming region.

ELK county boasts of more snow, bigger tanneries, more hemlock timber, and a greater number of deer, bears and wildcats than any county of the size in the Commonwealth.

AT two o'clock P. M. on Wednesday last, a man was thrown down at Third and Chestnut streets Phila. one of the most busy spots in the city, and robbed of fourteen hundred dollars. The robbers escaped.

HERR WACHTEL, who recently sang five nights at the Philadelphia Academy of Music, received $7,400 for his services. The entire receipts amounted to $17,500.

PRESIDENT GRANT recently gave his check for $5000 in payment of his unsettled accounts as an officer of the regular army several years ago.

Jno. W. Heath, a gentleman who resides at Beaver Meadow, Schuylkill county, was robbed by three men, on the public highway, of $1,500, on Thursday last.

Hon. George R. Dennis succeeds Mr. Vickers as United States Senator from Maryland, the Legislature in joint convention having elected him on Friday last.

AT Lakeville, Mass., on Friday, a dentist named Charles A. Leach, while suffering from delirium tremens, made a "raid" upon the population at large, and shot four men before he was secured.

A man in Montclair, N. J., hid $11,500 in Elizabeth City bonds under his barn floor, and when he took them up they were so mildewed that they were worth nothing.

THE Trenton Bank, N. J. was entered on Sunday night last by five burglars who bound and gagged the watchman and carried off securities valued at $100,000. No arrests.

THE messenger of the Metropolitan Bank was robbed on Broadway, near Murray street New York of a pocket-book containing gold checks and certificates amounting to $70,000.

Mrs. Wharton has been acquitted of the murder of General Ketchem. The trial has created great excitement but the result was not unexpected.

General Mosby, of guerilla fame, has been made brigadier-general of the State militia of Maryland.

ENLARGEMENT OF THE CANALS.—The Pennsylvania Canal company now controls 363 miles of navigation—main line from Columbia to Hollidaysburg, 173 miles; West Branch and Susquehanna division, from the junction to Lock Haven, 114 miles; Wyoming division, from Northumberland to Wilkes-Barre, 64 miles; Wiconisco canal, recently acquired by the company, 12 miles.

Two years ago last Fall the company commenced to enlarge the dimensions of its canals. The channel is about five feet deep, twenty-eight feet wide at the bottom and forty-four feet at waterline. The improvements make it six feet in depth, thirty-four feet at the bottom and fifty-five feet across the surface of the water. It is expected that the work of increasing the width, etc., from Columbia to Wilkes-Barre will be completed by June next.

Large numbers of workmen are now engaged in digging between Middletown and Columbia, Clark's Ferry and Northumberland and between the latter place and Nanticoke dam—a force of nearly 2,000, which is being gradually increased, as laborers can be procured. The wages paid amount to about $60,000 per month.

Four dredging machines are used during the Summer, each of which is capable of removing five miles of bank a season. The cost of one is about $10,000.

The intention of the company is to make the dimensions of all the canals alike, but this may not be consummated for several years.

The company owns 3 steamboats and 37 canal boats. The entire number on the different lines reaches about nine hundred, which transport in the neighborhood of 1,000,000 tons of freight, such as coal, lumber etc., annually.

The main line and branches of the company have 144 lift and 16 guard locks, most of those on the eastern division (which passes through Harrisburg) having double chambers.

The enlargement of the Pennsylvania canal is already giving ample evidence of its utility in facilitating navigation. Eight pairs of section boats, each couple capable of carrying safely and expeditiously 300 tons of freight are now plying the lower canals, where the channel has been enlarged to the requisite dimensions and double chamber locks have been introduced. Two of these boats pass through a lock together, one behind the other. The capacity of an ordinary boat is about 100 tons—so it will be seen that 300 tons of freight can be transported almost as cheaply as 100 under the old system of navigation. The water being deeper by a foot a boat can be much more heavily laden, without requiring any additional horses. The capacity of two section boats is about fifty per cent. greater than that of one of the barges on the Erie canal, which channel is considerably wider and deeper than that of the improved Pennsylvania. When the enlargement has been effected on all the lines of the Pennsylvania canal double chamber locks will be generally erected and section boats substituted for those now in use.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.

We will meet at our office in Bloomsburg, on THURSDAY, FEBRUARY, 15, 1872, at 2 o'clock, p. m., to let the building of a new bridge at Millville, over Little Fishingcreek. Wood work to be put up about same as at old bridge. Abutments to be 8 feet above water, and 3 feet thick at top, and long enough to suit superstructure. Wing walls, East side to be 10 feet long each. West side 10 and 7 respectively. The stone in old abutments and wing walls to be used by the contractor. Such timber, in old bridge as we shall select to be put in new bridge at a fixed price, and to be deducted from amount of contract. For further particulars apply at this office.

CYRUS ROBBINS, H. J. REEDER, WM. SHAFFER, } Comm'rs. of Col. Co.

COMMISSIONERS OFFICE, Bloomsburg, Jan. 20, 1871.
Attest:—WM. KRICKBAUM, Clerk. jan26'71-3t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF HIRAM BAKER, DEC'D.

Letters of Administration, on the estate of Hiram Baker, late of Jackson township Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Joshua Fritz, to same place. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned, administrator, without delay.

JOSHUA FRITZ, Administrator.
jan26'72-6w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF PHILIP MILLER, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Philip Miller, late of Centre twp., Columbia county dec'd., have been granted by the Register of said county, to Benjamin Miller, of Espy, Col co., Pa., and Abraham K. Shuman, of Lime Ridge, Col. co., Pa. All persons having claims or demands against the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment. BENJAMIN MILLER, ABR'M. K SHUMAN, Administrators.
jan2672-6w

AGENTS WANTED.

MARK TWAIN'S NEW BOOK!

"ROUGHING IT,"

IS READY FOR CANVASSERS.

It is a companion volume to

"INNOCENTS ABROAD,"

of which

100,000 Copies

Have already been ordered, and is still one of the best selling books out.

Don't waste time on books no one wants, but take one people will stop you in the street to subscribe for "There is a time to laugh," and all who read this book will see clearly that time has come. Apply at once for Territory, Circulars, and Terms. Address

DUFFIELD ASHMEAD, Publisher
dec2771-tf 711 Sansom Street, Philadelphia

AGENTS WANTED.—Agents make more money at work for us than at anything else. Business light and permanent. Particulars free. G. STINSON & Co., *Fine Art Publishers*, Portland, Maine.

HISTORY OF
The Great Fires

in CHICAGO and the WEST by Rev. E. J. GOODSPEED, D. D., of Chicago. Only complete history. 700 8vo. pages; 75 engravings. 70,000 already sold. Price $2.50. 2000 agents made in 20 days. Profits go to sufferers. AGENTS WANTED. H. S. GOODSPEED & CO., 37 Park Row, New York.

(Incorporated 1809.)
COLUMBIA FIRE INSURANCE CO.
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS.

S. S. DETWILER, Pres't. H. WILSON, Vice Pres't. HERB'T THOMAS, Treas. J. F. FRUEAUFF, Sec'y. J. B. BACHMAN. GEO. BOGLE. ROBT. CRANE. WM. PATTON. JAS. SCHROEDER. J. S. STRINE. M. M. STRICKLER. R. T. RYON.

For Insurance or Agencies, Ad'ress J. F. FRUEAUFF, Sec'y, Columbia, Pa.

OPIUM EATERS! $500 Reward for any case of Opium Habit our **Antidote** will not cure. No pain or inconvenience. Sent on receipt of $3.00. S. G. ARMSTRONG, M. D., Healing Institution, Berrien Springs, Mich.

Epilepsy or Fits.

A SURE CURE for this distressing complaint is now made known in a treatise (of 48 octavo pages) on Foreign and Native Herbal Preparations, published by DR. G. PHELPS BROWN. The prescription was discovered by him in such a providential manner that he cannot conscientiously refuse to make it known, as it has cured every body who has used it for Fits, never having failed in a single case. The ingredients may be obtained from any druggist. A copy sent free to all applicants by mail. Address DR. G. PHELPS BROWN, 21 Grand Street, Jersey City, N. J.

NEW SEEDS AND PLANTS
Sent by Mail or Express.

OUR SEED & PLANT CATALOGUES FOR 1872, Numbering 175 pages, and containing

TWO COLORED PLATES,

Each worth twice the cost of Catalogues, mailed to all applicants on receipt of 25 cents.

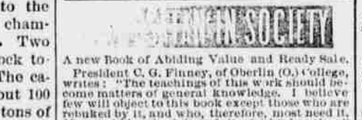
PETER HENDERSON,
Seedsman, 35 Cortlandt Street, N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED—For our new Book, OUR BRIGHT SIDE OF NEW YORK. By a City Missionary. 200 Engravings. Agents sell 40 a day. E. B. TREAT, Publisher, 805 Broadway, N. Y. n4w1

THIS IS NO HUMBUG! By sending 35 CENTS with age, height, color of eyes and hair, you will receive by return mail, a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. Address W. FOX, P. O. Drawer, No. 24 Fultonville, N. Y. n4-4w

FREE TO AGENTS.
A bound canvassing book of the
PICTORIAL HOME BIBLE,
Containing over 200 Illustrations. With a Comprehensive Cyclopedia explanatory of the Scriptures. In ENGLISH and GERMAN.
n4-4w WM. FLINT & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

PROFITABLE EMPLOYMENT.
We desire to engage a few more Agents to sell the World Renowned Improved Buckeye Sewing Machine, at a liberal salary or on Commission. A Horse and Wagon given to Agents. Full Particulars furnished on application. Address W. A. HENDERSON & Co., General Agents, Cleveland, Ohio, & St. Louis, Mo. n4-4w



AGENTS WANTED FOR THE LIFE OF
JAMES FISK.
A complete History of his life and exploits from A Pedlar Boy to a King among Financiers. His triumphs and failures. How he lived and how he died. Illustrated. Price by mail, 50 cents. Terms liberal. Address, WM. FLINT & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

500 more Agents Wanted at Once!
For the most *complete, reliable and splendidly illustrated* History of
CHICAGO AND ITS DESTRUCTION
To which is added a thrilling account of several of the greatest fires the world has known; including the late Forest Fires of Wisconsin and Michigan. A book of deepest interest and selling with wonderful rapidity. For extra terms and best book, address,
HUBBARD BROS.,
n4-4w Publishers, 723 Sansom St., Phila.

"100 CHOICE SELECTIONS. No. 4," is now ready with its precious store of good things for Public and Parlor Readings, being a happy blending of Eloquence, Humor, Sentiment, Pathos and Burlesque. Uniform in style with the preceding numbers, which have won the public heart, and the cry is "MORE!" Cloth bound, 75 cents; paper, 50 cents, or 4 copies for $1. Also, "Excelsior Dialogues," revised ed., price 75 cents. Any book mailed free of postage, on receipt of price. Send for 1872 Catalogue. Address, JOHN E. POTTER & CO., 617 Sansom St., Philadelphia, Pa. n4-4w

AGENTS WANTED.—Those selling other books can sell these by thousands.
O. D. L. KOSTENBADER,
JOSEPH B. KNITTLE,
Administrators.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.
R. H. RINGLER,
Clerk.
jan. 5, 72-3w.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

In pursuant of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, will be exposed to public sale on the premises, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 27th, 1872,

at 10 o'clock A. M., the following real estate, late of John Richards, deceased, to-wit: all that Certain message and

TRACT OF LAND,

situate in Montour township, in said county, containing

ONE HUNDRED & SIXTY ACRES,

bounded by lands of John Quick, Wm. G. Quick Frank Evans and others, whereon are erected a Dwelling House, good Barn and all the necessary outbuildings, there is also a large quantity of lime stone upon the premises.
SAMUEL B. DEIMER,
Executor.

TERMS OF SALE.—One half the purchase money to be paid as follows, viz: Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money shall be paid at the striking down of the property, the one fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation absolute, and the remaining three fourths in one year thereafter, with interest on the same from confirmation nisi. And the remaining one-half to R. Franklin Thornton upon his arriving at the age of twenty one years with yearly interest thereon from the nisi confirmation of the sale, or in the case of the death of the said Thorn ton before arriving at the age of twenty-one years then at the time when he would have arrived at that age in case of continued life, to the party or parties who shall succeed to his right and interest in said montly pursuant to the provisions of the will of John Richards, deceased, with interest as aforesaid.
R. H. RINGLER,
Clerk.
jan. 5,72-ts.

PUBLIC SALE
OF WOOD LAND.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans, Court of Columbia county, the undersigned guardian of the person and estate of John Clark, a minor child of David W. Clark, late of Montour township, in said county, deceased, will expose to sale on the premises on

TUESDAY, JANUARY 30, 1872,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, the undivided one-third of all that certain tract of Wood and Timber land in Montour township in said county, bounded on the north by lands now or late of Hurley & Frick, on the west by land of Andrew Clark, on the south by land of William J. Ever, and on the east by land of Mary Clark, containing

NINETY-FIVE ACRES

and one hundred and forty perches.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to remain charged upon said land during the natural life of the widow of said David W. Clark, deceased, the interest thereof to be annually and regularly paid to her by the purchaser or purchasers during her natural life, said interest to be computed from the 1st day of April A. D. 1872, and the principal at her decease to be paid to the parties legally authorized to receive the same. Twenty per cent. of two-thirds of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, one half of the balance of the purchase money to be paid on the 1st day of April A. D. 1872, when possession of said interest will be given and the balance of the purchase money to be paid on the 1st day of April A. D. 1874, with interest on the same from the 1st day of April A. D. 1872. Purchaser or Purchasers to pay for Deeds and Stamps.
LEWIS YETTER Guardian.

N. B. The other parties in interest will sell their interests in said Woodland upon the terms and conditions above mentioned.
Catawissa, Dec. 29, 1871-ts.

PUBLIC SALE
—OF—
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order and decree of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, John Hicks, Enoch Kester and Perry John were, on application of the "Roaring Creek Monthly Meeting of Friends," authorized to sell for said "Monthly Meeting," a piece of ground containing of less than an acre, and lying and being on the northwest side of Fourth Street, in the town of Catawissa, in the said county of Columbia, with the appurtenances. And they will expose the same to sale on the premises at one o'clock in the afternoon, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 3d, 1872,

When and where the terms of sale will be made known, and due attendance given by
JOHN HICKS,
ENOCH KESTER,
PERRY JOHN,
Com. of the Roaring Creek Monthly Meeting.
Jan. 5th, 1872—12ts

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned will expose to sale by public vendue on the premises, on Saturday, January 27th, 1872, at 2 o'clock P. M., a

A LOT OF GROUND,

consisting of about SEVEN ACRES, situate one mile north of the village of Espy, Scott township, Columbia county, whereon is erected a

TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE,

with stabling and necessary out buildings. There is also upon the premises a variety of good fruit trees and a well of good water. Terms made known on day of sale.
JOSIAH B. KARSHNER.
Jan 5, 72 ts.

$8175 A MONTH to sell our Universal Cement, Combination Tunnel, Button Hole Cutter, and other articles. SACO NOVELTY CO., Saco, Me. n2w4

Rifles, Shot-Guns, Revolvers
Gun materials of every kind. Write for Price List, to great Western Gun Works, Pittsburgh, Pa. Army guns and Revolvers bought or traded for. Agents wanted. n2-4w

$10 from 50 cents.
12 Samples sent (postage paid) for Fifty Cents, that retail easily for Ten Dollars.
n2w4 R. L. WOLCOTT, N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED. A complete History of
CHICAGO AND ITS DESTRUCTION.
4,000 copies sold. In English and German. Price $2.50.
CAUTION Since issuing this work, smaller and inferior histories are offered; be sure the book you buy is Upton & Sheahan, a full octavo, 630 inches, nearly 500 pages, and over 45 illustrations. Send $1.50 for outfit, with choice of territory. Also, two beautiful Chromos, CHICAGO AS IT WAS, and CHICAGO IN FLAMES. Circulars and terms free. Profits large. Union Publishing Company, Chicago, Philadelphia, or Cincinnati. n2w4

$5,000 REWARD was paid by Congress to a lady for her bravery and skill in saving emigrants from the Indians.

"My Captivity Among the Sioux"
is a history of her life as a prisoner among them. A wonderful story endorsed by army officers, Congressmen, &c. Splendid inducements to agents to sell this and other works, including the best FAMILY BIBLE. Write at once to Quaker City Publishing Company, 217 and 219 Quince Street, Philadelphia n2w4

Real Estate Sales.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of authority and order of the Orphans's Court of Columbia county, the undersigned administrators of the estate of Jacob Kistenbacher, deceased, will expose to sale by public vendue on the premises, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, on

FRIDAY, JANUARY 26th, 1872,

a large quantity of valuable lands situate in Franklin township in said county, described as follows: The homestead farm of the decedent, lying in Franklin township in Columbia county bounded by lands of J. F. Reeder, lands of Philip Monsardi, lands of Yetter's heirs, lands of Moses Hower, lands of H. J. Reeder, lands of Silas Weaver, lands of Wm. Stocker, lands of John Hower, George Scott and others, containing

TWO HUNDRED and FORTY-EIGHT ACRES

and twenty-nine perches—whereon are erected a large brick Dwelling House, a large Bank Barn and outhouses, with a large apple and fruit orchard, with a well at the house, and a spring and a well at the barn, and a second excellent and large spring on the south side of the farm. There is on the farm

TWENTY ACRES OF TIMBER.

The property lies three miles from Catawissa, on the public road leading from that place to Elysburg. The neighborhood good and healthy, and the land in an excellent state of cultivation. No more desirable property has been offered for many years. ALSO, a lot of timber and on the undivided six-sevenths—adjoining lands of S. Artley, Wm. George, C. Artley and others. To be disposed of in one piece, or in three lots of about

TWENTY ACRES EACH,

as shall be deemed most expedient. The whole property will be offered and the title to the one-seventh, made to the purchasers.

ALSO, will be offered a tract of land adjoining H. C. Clark, lands of Sweitzer & Gingles, lands of P. Monhardt and Reeder, containing

SEVENTY-THREE ACRES

and eighty-four perches, whereon are erected a brick dwelling house, a bank barn, wagon house a spring house and all other necessary outbuildings. There is also on the premises a tenant house and blacksmith shop. There is also a spring of excellent water, a good orchard and fruit on all lands, with about four acres of chestnut timber. All in excellent order and cultivation.

The lands will be offered at the Homestead in the order advertised.

THE GRAIN in the GROUND is RESERVED.

Possession of the timber tracts, immediately upon paying the purchase money or securing the same to be paid. And of the other two tracts on the first of April, A. D. 1872, upon compliance with the conditions of sale, which may be made to appear to the purchaser or purchasers.

ALSO—At the same time and place the following personal property, to wit: Four hundred bushels of wheat, five hundred bushels of corn, three hundred bushels of oats, one hundred and fifty bushels of rye one hundred bushels of potatoes, buckwheat and clover seed, and ten tons of hay and many other articles of property.
O. D. L. KOSTENBADER,
JOSEPH B. KNITTLE,
Administrators.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.
R. H. RINGLER,
Clerk.
Jan. 5, 72-3w.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

In pursuant of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, will be exposed to public sale on the premises, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 27th, 1872,

at 10

THE COLUMBIAN.

Bloomsburg, Friday, Jan. 26, 1872.

GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., 40 Park Row, are our only authorized Advertising Agents in New York.

Cor. WETHERILL & Co., No. 607 Chestnut Street, are our only authorized Agents in Philadelphia.

C. G. MURPHY, Esq., is our authorized Agent at Centralia to transact any business pertaining to the COLUMBIAN Office.

☞ All advertisements for the forgoing localities must be endorsed by these Agents, or they will receive no attention. if.

Railroad Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG R. R.

	North.	South.
Mail	10:51 A. M.	3:37 P. M.
Accommodation	8:05 A. M.	4:23 P. M.
Express	6:12 P. M.	10:21 A. M

CATAWISSA R. R. FROM RUPERT STATION.

Going North.	Going South.
4:12 P. M.	10:08 A. M.

LOCAL.

THE Legislature has passed a Joint Resolution to adjourn March 28th.

MR. GEO. FRY, the oldest man in Bloom, died on Friday last.

Two communications from "Raven" have been unavoidably laid over. They will receive due attention.

MRS. SAMPLE fell down stairs at Limestoneville, Montour county, a few days ago and broke her neck.

A NEW Democratic daily, it is said, is to be launched forth in Williamsport at no very distant day.

FOR good, clean coal, at reasonable rates call on J. J. Robbins, at the Columbia Iron Works.

LOW & ROBBINS of Orangeville, make the easiest running farm wagons and platform spring wagons in the country.

M. P. LUTZ offers his stock of Winter Goods at very low rates. Furs will be sold at cost. This is a fine opportunity for bargains. See his advertisement.

THE Bellefonte *Watchman* has two editors adapted to any state of affairs one is *meek* the other a *fury*. Wonder which one has the collection of overdue subscriptions, and whether he takes it *coolly*.

THE Trustees of the Normal School have engaged Miss Ida E. Barlow, of Pittston, as teacher of Music. The lady is said to have an excellent musical education and is an accurate and skillful pianist.

BERNHARD STOHNER has purchased the lot, now used as the public pound and on which the lock-up is built, for $600, of E. H. Little. A part of the large stable in the rear of Brown's Hotel projects into the lot and as Mr. Stohner desires to use the stable the purchase of the lot became a necessity.

IT is said that the banks of Philadelphia disinfect their notes with carbolic acid to guard against small-pox. There is very little danger that Bloomsburg will suffer from the disease through this agency. We have not handled bank notes enough lately to justify a mild attack of the varioloid.

BERNHARD STOHNER intends resuming the business of baker and confectioner, in the Spring, at his former old stand. E. Jacoby retires from the saloon now occupied by him and the rooms will be used in connection with Stohner's bakery. This will close two restaurants and will result to the benefit of the remaining two.

MANY people susceptible to colds commit the great mistake of enveloping the throat in heavy wrappings carefully excluding the air. Under this treatment the throat becomes tender and unable to bear any exposure and the liability to take cold is greatly increased. The proper plan to pursue is to leave the neck as free from muffling as is consistent with comfort.

As if to contradict the good opinion expressed in last week's COLUMBIAN as to the common sense of the horses of this County, Dr. McKelvy's steed ran away on Monday last when partially harnessed. He darted up the alley, from the Dr's stable to Market street, smashing the sulkey to which he was attached but fortunately did not injure himself. Gross results—a carriage maker's bill.

WE have received from Briggs & Brother, florists of Rochester, N. Y., a catalogue which is certainly the most creditable production of the kind we ever saw. It is printed on tinted paper, profusely illustrated and contains six full page colored plates. The book has nearly 150 pages and enumerates a countless number of seeds, both flower and vegetable. Twenty-five cents is the price of the work and it is well worth the money.

THE *Pottsville Standard* waxes severely sarcastic over an innocent local item of the COLUMBIAN referring to the recent slight fall of snow and alludes to the "funny man" of this paper. No one with any regard for truth will apply that term to the *Standard's* writer. The article having been written for the benefit of people possessed of an ordinary amount of brains, of course the *Standard* could not understand it and mistook it for a "funny" effort. Buy a dictionary *Standard* and try it again.

A RAILROAD company in an adjoining state recently suspended an engineer for two weeks with loss of pay because his train was thrown from the track by the carelessness of a switchtender. As the engineer had nothing to do with the switch and narrowly escaped with his life it is difficult to see where the justice of this action lies. On the same principle it would be a good thing for the travelling public if the salary of the President of a road should be stopped whenever an accident occurs. There would not be many of them we'll wager.

FOR the benefit of such of our young lady readers as are given to flirtations we would say that the Kentucky Court of appeals has decided that an engagement may be proved against a lady "by showing that she demeaned herself as if she concurred in or approved the young man's promises or offer. It is not necessary that there should be an express promise on either side." As this decision has established a precedent it would be well for our damsels to look to it that in exercising the rights which Leap Year confers upon them, they do not hopelessly entangle themselves where they purpose merely amusement.

THE paper is to the people what a sign-board is to the traveller. The paper tells who is in business and where to trade, as the signboard tells the name of the place and direction. Then, if you want people to buy of you tell them through the paper where you stay and what you have.

HOW to burn kerosene without danger is a conundrum just solved. Take an ordinary lamp and fill it as nearly as possible with wick, placing little pieces of sponge wherever space appears, pour on the oil, and the lamp will burn as long as any of the kerosene remains in the wick. So arranged it is impossible for a lamp to explode.

THE career of Governor Scott, of South Carolina, is one of great encouragement to young men. The Louisville Courier Journal says the Governor who was once a cooper, and afterward a quack doctor, is now worth six million dollars, all of which he has made since the war by an honest, energetic, straight forward prosecution of the exalted profession of carpet-baggery.

BROWN & JONES.—Who are they? They are an enterprising young firm lately established in Catawissa and from the astonishing amount of Dry Goods they sell it is evident that the people are attracted by their low prices. They are in constant receipt of fresh goods from New York. They sell only for cash, giving the buyer every possible advantage derived from this plan. A visit to their store will convince the reader of these facts. n4-tf.

The Legislature of Pennsylvania is being petitioned to pass an act providing for the destruction of weeds in this State. Owners of farms, tenants, &c., will be required by the proposed law, not only to keep their farms clear of such weeds as the Canada thistle, mullens, ox eye daisies, wild-carrot, horse-nettle, &c., but also such portions of the public highways adjoining or passing through their property. Rail road corporations will also be amenable to the provisions of the act.

HOW TO MAKE COAL OIL BURN WELL.—All persons using Kerosene or Coal oil, should frequently cleanse the burners, especially the inside of the tube, which can best be done by soaking in hot water before cleaning. The wicks often become swollen and filled up, so that the oil cannot ascend and consequently cannot burn, when a clean wick should be put in. The wicks are often too large for the tube, when one or more threads should be drawn out at each edge. Never condemn the oil until you know your wicks and burners are clean and in good order.

ON Friday night last a freight train on the L. & B. R. R. was thrown from the track by a misplaced switch at Espy, delaying the down passenger train about twenty minutes. On reaching the other end of the switch the passenger train was thrown off damaging the engine to some extent but injuring no one. A number of legislators from Harrisburg on their journey home were obliged to remain some time in Bloom until travel could be resumed. Such an accumulated mass of wisdom and statesmanship staggered the town but no ill effects have been produced that we have heard of.

SEVERAL gentlemen in Catawissa have purchased "The Catawissa Academy" buildings and grounds for, and to be transferred to, the Episcopal Church organization lately effected there under the name of "Saint John's Parish." The grounds we understand comprise about an acre, and the building is nearly new, intended for a higher grade school, two stories, cupola &c., which at small expense can be made a beautiful and tasteful place of worship. The lands adjoin the Masonic Hall property. The price was $1,900 and is considered cheap. The energy of that new Parish is wonderful and commendable, and it is entitled to sympathy and assistance.

THE Muncy Creek railroad was opened on the 16th inst. Delegations from Muncy, Hughesville and Williamsport were present. At Hughesville a meeting was held, speeches made and resolutions passed approving the objects of the road. The length of the road is about 30 miles and connects the Sullivan county coal fields with the Catawissa R. R. below Williamsport. The following are the officers of the road: President, Michael Meylert; Treasurer, James K. Boak; Secretary, E. Livingston Laird; Superintendent, H. R. Merhling; Directors, H. E. Warner, Dr. M. Steck, Dewitt Bodine, B. M. Edlis and James Taylor.

IN view of the importance of the coming Fall election it would be well to establish a Democratic club in every township of this county and thus be prepared to enter, fully prepared, upon the campaign when fairly opened. Meetings could be held once a month during the early part of the year and more frequently as the time for election drew near. The benefits of these Clubs are two fold. They would draw together the Democrats, and keep alive their interest in political matters and they would serve as a nucleus around which could rally those disaffected Republicans who are disgusted with the rottenness and corruption of the administration. We hope steps may be taken at once to establish these Clubs.

A TERRIBLE accident occurred on Tuesday morning last, at about eight o'clock, in the tannery of J. P. Conner near Fowlersville, this county. Mr. Conner was at work in the tannery, a workman in the bark room overhead, and an old man, named Absolom Lewis was passing the building for the purpose of cutting some wood, when the boiler of the engine, a portable one, suddenly exploded with terrific force. Mr. Conner was knocked into a vat of hot liquor and severely scalded, the man in the bark room was blown out of the building, landing in the road though strangely enough he was not seriously injured, but the old man Lewis who was twenty-five yards distant from the building and in the act of getting over a fence, was struck by the iron boiler head and instantly killed. He left an aged widow in destitute circumstances. Mr. Conner was rendered temporarily blind by the dirt and hot liquor blown into his face. His escape was wonderful, as he had just stepped from the front of the boiler to its side. Had he remained a moment longer he must have been blown to atoms. The building was badly shattered. No cause is known for the explosion.

RAILROAD ELECTIONS.—On the 8th inst., the following gentlemen were elected officers and directors of Danville, Hazleton and Wilkesbarre R. R. Co.: President, Simon P. Kase; Directors, S. P. Wolverton, H. W. Mc Reynolds, A. F. Porter, J. Hervey Kase, B. Hendricks, I. S. Monroe, and M. W. Kase. For the Lehigh & Eastern Railway Co. S. P. Kase, President; Directors, Homer Ramsdell, C. Burnett, S. P. Wolverton, Hon. Harry White, Benj. Hendricks, H. W. Mc Reynolds and J. Hervey Kase.

ABOUT AGENTS.—School Directors should keep a sharp eye on the movements of parties representing themselves as agents for the sale of books. A swindler named Able Marcy, has been cheating several Berks county School Directors by taking their orders for sets of revolving globes, and promising to deliver them in a few days, at the same time taking from the Directors an order for the money payable in one year. These orders were afterwards sold to third parties and the globes never delivered.—*Mauch Chunk Democrat.*

CHAPTER H. R. A.—Application is about being made by the Royal Arch Masons, of Danville, for a charter for a new Chapter to be located at this place. Funds have been raised for this purpose and the preliminary steps were taken on Tuesday evening.

We have no doubt but that the charter will be granted and the Chapter established, as it should be. Danville is large enough in itself to sustain a Commandery as well as Chapter, and we hope to see a movement inaugurated before long to this end. Suitable rooms for the use of the several orders, can be obtained in the new Opera House.—*Riverside.*

A NEW and complete assortment of drugs, patent medicines, toilet articles, &c., to be had at the most reasonable rates, at Kleim's Drug Store, Main St.

DETECTING ADULTERATION OF COFFEE.—The method of detecting the adulteration of ground coffee is stated to be as follows: If, on opening the package, the contents are caked, or show a disposition to cake, chicory is present. If, on adding a few drops of cold water to a grain or two of the suspected article, the water becomes almost immediately of a brown color chicory is surely contained in it. Further, on touching with the point of a needle the particles which have been wetted with water and spread out on a slip of glass, if some are found which are non-resisting, soft and yielding, the sample is adulterated. Lastly, the presence of chicory is immediately revealed by the great difference in the forms of the cells, as seen under the microscope. In the case of coffee the cells being coherent and angular, and in that of chicory rounded and composed of smaller cells; the differences are so marked that once seen they can never be forgotten.

A GOOD WORD FOR LOCAL PAPERS.—The New York *Times* says you might nearly as well forget your churches, your academies and school-houses, as to forget your local paper. It speaks to ten times the audience that your local minister does, and if it has any ability at all, it is read eagerly each week from beginning to end. It reaches you all, and if it has a lower spirit and less wisdom than a sermon, it has a thousand times better chance at you. Lying as it does, open on every table, in almost every house, you owe it to yourselves to rally liberally to its support, and exact from it as able, high-toned a character as you do from any educator in your midst. It is in no sense beneath notice and care—unless yourselves are beneath notice and care—for it is your representative. Indeed, in its character it is the summation of the importance, interest, and welfare of you all. It is the aggregate of your consequence, and you cannot ignore it without miserably depreciating yourselves.

THE course of Lectures to be given by St. Matthew's Lutheran Congregation of this place, will be opened on Thursday and Friday evenings, Feb. 1st and 2d, by Rev. Joseph H. Barclay, of Easton. Subjects—"What I Saw in Egypt" and "The Holy Land." Mr. Barclay is one of our self-made men, one of our finest pulpit orators and although a new man in the field, already a very popular lecturer. We promise a rich treat to all who may attend. The lectures will be held in the Lutheran Church, commencing each evening at 7½ o'clock. An admission of 25 cents will be charged to defray expenses. We append the following notice of one of his lectures, delivered in Philadelphia last week:

LECTURE ON EGYPT.—On Thursday evening last, Rev. J. H. Barclay, of Easton, delivered the fourth lecture of the course, at Messiah Lutheran church, on Egypt. It was a most interesting, instructive and entertaining lecture, abounding in strange and striking pictures of life and scenes in the East, with passages of humor, and of touching eloquence and pathos. The audience were deeply interested in the lecture, and manifested their appreciation with many expressions of pleasure at its close. —*Lutheran Observer.*

ADVERTISE YOUR SALES OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.—Every one who has personal property to sell wants a showy bill printed. This is well. It is hung up in the taverns, the country stores, and the blacksmith shop. The neighbors who drop in read the bill and are induced to attend the sales. It is a good way of advertising but there is a better one, which is to advertise in the county paper. The COLUMBIAN has a very large and increasing circulation throughout Columbia county. It goes in packages to every post office. The new advertisements it contains are always read, not only by every subscriber but by others. It is safe, therefore, to say that eight or ten men would see an advertisement of personal property in the COLUMBIAN, where one would read the handsome bills which we print. Both are necessary, but any one could far better afford to dispense with the bills than with the advertisement in the paper. In Lancaster and in many other counties in the State all sales of personal, as well as of real estate, are regularly advertised in at least one paper of each party. The result is extraordinarily large gatherings at all such sales, and the most vigorous competition among the bidders for every article of value. Nothing goes under full price. A single additional bidder on a horse or any important article more than pays the cost of advertising, and in the aggregate the seller realizes ten, twenty, or fifty times the amount which is expended for advertising.

WE would return thanks to Hon. George Scott for Vol. 5 of Bates' History of Pennsylvania Volunteers.

FOR pure drugs and chemicals, go to Kleim's, at the old Drug Store of E. P. Lutz, Main Street.

M. F. CONNER has been appointed mail agent, on the Danville, Hazleton and Wilkes Barre Railroad.

THE members of the Evangelical Church, are holding a protracted meeting in Light Street, and are meeting with good success.

We received a very pleasant letter of thanks from our old friend Kendall, since his return home, for a bottle of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment which we gave him, and which he says has entirely cured him of the troublesome and dangerous cough he had when here.

RELATIVE to the nomination of Col. Thomas A. Scott, Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, for President of the United States, it is remarked that the gentleman cannot really be prevailed upon to accept, unless he can get a lease of the office for nine hundred and ninty-nine years.

THE house and lot of Dr. John, now occupied by D. A. Beckley, is offered for sale on reasonable terms. It is one of the most desirable and pleasantly located properties in Bloomsburg.

Apply to B. F. HARTMAN.
Jan. 26'71 3t.

HON. WM. B. ALLISON has been elected to the United States Senate by the Legislature of Iowa, to succeed Hon. James Harlan, who now represents that State in the Upper House of the National Legislature. Mr. Allison is an extreme free trade Republican, a gentleman of considerable business ability, and will make an efficient member.

THE mail arrivals and departures now existing must have been arranged with a special view to the public inconvenience. There is but one mail to Harrisburg and that in the afternoon, at just such an hour as to render it useless. The mail which formerly arrived at eight o'clock in the morning, now gets here at eleven. We should rejoice in a change.

WE would respectfully request our readers to remember Henry Zuppinger if they are in want of spectacles or eye glasses of any kind, for old and young, short sighted and far sighted. He is one of our most reliable citizens, and is, and has long been an extremely successful watchmaker. Shop on Main St., West Bloomsburg.

BLOOMSBURG argues for a street railway. Better put the streets down to grass.—*Williamsport Standard.*

The above graceful compliment to our town, by a former resident is received with thanks. Its author will be held in lively remembrance, the only thing associated with his career in this place, to which the word "lively" can properly apply.

ON the death of one of England's most eminent physicians, all of his effects were sold by auction, and among other things was a sealed packet, marked "Advice to Physicians," which brought a great price. The purchaser on opening the packet, read as follows: "Keep the head cool, the bowels open and feet warm." If physic is necessary, use Parson's Purgative Pills; they are the most scientifically prepared pill that has appeared in the last hundred years.

The Books of H. L. Dieffenbach, late publisher of the *Columbian*, have been left with the undersigned for immediate collection. All amounts for Job work and advertising that are not paid at or before February Court are directed to be then collected by law. All subscriptions that are not paid before the 1st day of April, 1872, are also directed to be collected by law after that date.

v6n1-4t C. W. MILLER.

WHAT IT COSTS TO COLLECT CUSTOMS.—The number of persons employed in collecting the customs in 1871 was 4,409, of whom New York had 1,235, at a compensation of $1,811,631; Philadelphia 249, compensation $314,377; Baltimore 249, compensation $294,567; New Orleans, 394, compensation $562,685; San Francisco, 209, compensation $367,843. Then there were 53 "special agents," who were paid during the year $161,474. The total disbursements were over $14,000,000.

The people of this State have been so often swindled by patent right agents that the Legislature has at last taken the matter in hand. A bill has been introduced, and reported favorably by the Committee, requiring every note given for a patent right to have the fact so stated in a prominent manner in the note. The bill also gives the drawer of the note the same chance to defend when sued on the note by a third party as if it remained in the possession of the original holder.

While the proposed Act does no injustice to proper inventions nor to honest agents, it protects the unwary from the swindlers who now infest the State.

A Course of Lectures.

MR. EDITOR:—In one of your local columns of last week's issue of the *Columbian*, you said that "a town as large as Bloomsburg ought to have a course of lectures every Winter, and the lecturers should be persons of acknowledged ability." I heartily concur in your statement, and also in your opinion that good lectures are worth hearing. I further believe that a good lecture is in many respects an educating medium, as well as a means of entertainment. I am happy to inform you that arrangements have been made for a course of popular lectures by the Lutheran congregation of this place. Men of acknowledged ability have been engaged, and we promise a fine entertainment to all who may patronize them. The price of admission has been set at a very low figure, to enable all to enjoy them. The course will be opened on Thursday and Friday evenings, Feb. 1st and 2d, by Rev. Joseph H. Barclay, of Easton, who has lately returned from an Eastern tour. His subjects will be, "What I Saw in Egypt," and "The Holy Land." We are warranted in saying that our citizens, need not fear a dull, prosy, recital of old things, read or heard long ago. Mr. Barclay is one of our first orators, and a highly popular lecturer. The time for the other lectures, as well as the speakers, and their subjects will be duly announced.

Yours Truly,
"UP TO THE TIMES."

Bloomsburg, Jan. 26.

JUSTICE'S BLANKS.

We now have on hand a large neatly printed assortment of JUSTICE'S and CONSTABLES BLANKS, to which we invite the attention of these officers.

First Annual Statement of the Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association, For the Year Ending with December, 1871.

Months.	Number of Shares.	Loans.	Received. Initiation, Dues, Interest and Fines.	Received. Advance Payments.	Received. Amount.	Premiums.	Paid. Loans.	Paid. Expenses.	Paid. Amount.
January,	700	11	1400 00	233 00	1633 00	8 84	13 16	249 98	1565 98
February,	758	45	2945 58	2182 12	5127 70	37 26	52 77	7 50	5284 50
March,	81	16	1864 15	336 32	2200 47	12 06	19 94	00	1994 00
April,	7	14	1352 40	623 63	1976 03	11 50	16 50	20 83	1670 83
May,	0	19	1279 60	725 00	2004 60	15 31	22 69	20 83	2289 83
June,	0	22	1178 [illegible]	66 00	1244 50	18 78	25 57	00	2527 00
July,	0	9	1262 60	1090 68	2353 28	7 20	10 80	41 66	1121 66
August,	0	29	1877 00	2114 28	3491 28	23 22	34 78	20 83	3498 83
September	0	13	1251 10	53 68	1304 78	9 50	16 50	25 63	1675 63
October,	0	8	1252 20	5 00	1257 20	5 71	10 29	20 83	1049 83
November	0	18	1470 40	724 72	2195 12	12 44	23 56	00	2356 00
December,	0	25	1353 00	2293 49	3646 49	17 50	32 50	120 36	3870 36
	1546	229	18,01653	10,28792	28,404 45	179 24	278 70	528 45	28404 45
	5 Shares Forfeited.								
	1541								

Average Premium for year,.. $78.27x
Value of Shares..... 25,25

Assets.

229 Loans	$45,800,00
Backstanding dues and fines..	162.50
	$45,637,50

Liabilities.

Due to Shareholders for payments in advance	$ 6,487,83
Interest due Shareholders	239,42
	$ 6,727.25
Net assets	$38,910,25

Receipts.

Amt., of dues, Int. and fines	$18,016.53
" " advance payments	10,387.92
	$28,404.45

Payments.

On 229 Loans	$27,876 00
" Secretary's Salary	250.00
" Treasurer's Salary	25 00
" Printing	180.80
" Roll Book, Journal, &c	44 15
" Court charges for Charter	2 00
" Recording Charter	5 50
" Profit and Loss	12 00
	$28,404.45

Officers.

E. H. LITTLE, President. C. W. MILLER, Secretary. S. H. MILLER, Treasurer.

Directors.

J. J. BROWER,	I. S. KUHN,	SAMUEL NEYHARD,
C. B. BROCKWAY,	D. T. JONES,	HENRY G. PHILIPS,
F. C. EYER,	E. J. McHENRY,	H. L. DIEFFENBACH,
W. B. KOONS,	S. H. MILLER,	CHAS. W. MILLER.

We the undersigned Auditors appointed to examine the Annual Statement of the Secretary. Respectfully report that after a careful examination we found the above statement to be correct.

J. P. TUSTIN
F. C. EYER,
JOHN THOMAS.

BLOOMSBURG, January 23, 1872

ORANGEVILLE ACADEMY.—Orangeville, Columbia county, Pa. Spring Term begins January 23d, 1872. The Classics, Modern Languages, Common, and Higher English taught. For particulars address

I. E. SCHOONOVER, Principal,
or M. A. WILLIAMS, Secretary.
n2 3w.

MARRIAGES.

KLINE—KEELER—On the 18th inst., at Mount Pleasant, by the Rev. B. H. Creever, Mr. Marvin J. Kline, to Miss Sallie E. Keeler, both of this county.

KLINE—HAY—In Bloomsburg, on the 18th inst., by the Rev. J. P. Tustin, Mr. Franklin P. Kline, to Miss Ellen Hay, both of Bloomsburg.

GIGER—KRUM—On the 21st inst., by the Rev. Wm. J. Eyer, Mr. Charles Henry Giger, of Mountour township, Columbia county, to Miss Sarah Catharine Krum, of Cooper township, Montour county, Pa.

LAWTON—HUNTER—On the 11th inst, by John Lore, Esq., Mr. William Lawton, to Miss Sarah E. Hunter, all of Iola, Columbia county, Pa.

BERLIN—KLINE—On the 11th inst., by the Rev. N. Spear, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Jacob Berlin, to Miss Ruth Ann Kline, both of Greenwood.

GERARD—TRUMP—On the 18th inst., by the Rev. N. Spear, in Orangeville, Mr. Wm. Gerard, of Philadelphia, to Miss Rozetta Trump, of Orange.

HOPPER—ECHART.—In Espy Oct. 17th 1871, by H. G. Creveling, J. P., Mr. Wm. M. Hooper to Miss Sarah Echart, all of Afton, Columbia county Pa.

GABLE.—COULTON.—In Espy, Jan. 16th 1872, by H. G. Creveling, J. P. Mr. Robert F. Gable to Miss Catherine B. Coulton, all of Shamokin & Northumberland county Pa.

SUTTON.—DAVEY.—On Dec. 2nd, 1871, in Mt. Carmel, at the house of the bridegroom's sister, by Rev. P. F. Eyer, Mr. Wm. Sutton of Mt. Carmel, to Miss Maria J. Davey, of Cornwall, England.

SHILEY.—HAUP.—On the 13th inst., in Mt. Carmel at Mr Hinkle's, by Rev. P. F. Eyer, Mr. Hirman Shiley, of Mt. Carmel, to Miss Emeline Haup, of Lower Augusta, Northumberland, county, Pa.

KLINE.—HAY.—In Bloomsburg Jan. 18th, 1872, by Rev. J. P. Tustin, Mr. Franklin P. Kline to Miss Ellen Hay, both of Bloomsburg, Pa.

DEATHS.

BAKER—In Jackson township, on the 4th inst., Hiram Baker, aged 69 years, 3 months and 21 days.

Dearest Father thou hast left us,
How we miss thee none can tell;
But 'tis God that has bereft us,
And He doeth all things well.

Farewell, farewell, our Father dear,
Thou art not dead but gone before,
And we are left to wander here,
But we'll meet again on yonder shore.

REISWICK.—On the 22d of Jan, 1872, at Wilkes-Barre, Peter Reiswick, formerly of this place aged about 40 years.

His remains were brought to this place for interment, where he was buried on Wednesday afternoon. The Odd Fellows conducted the ceremony.

JOHNSON.—In Stockton on the 22nd ult., Mr. David Johnson, aged 69 years 7 months, and 23 days.

MARKET REPORTS.

Bloomsburg Market.

Wheat per bushel	$1.40
Rye "	1 10
Corn "	80
Oats, "	45
Flour per barrel	8 00
Cloverseed	5 50
Flaxseed	1 90
Butter	25
Eggs	25
Tallow	09
Potatoes	50
Dried Apples	10
Hams	17
Sides and Shoulders	15
Lard per pound	10
Hay per ton	25 00

A BODY AND MIND DISEASE.—Such is dyspepsia. The stomach and the brain are too intimately allied for the one to suffer without the other, so that dyspepsia and despondency are inseparable. It may be added, too, that irritation of the stomach is almost invariably accompanied by irritation of the temper.

The invigorating and tranquilizing operation of Hostetter's Bitters is most powerfully developed in cases of indigestion. The first effect of this agreeable tonic is comforting and encouraging. A mild glow pervades the system, the chronic uneasiness in the region of the stomach is lessened, and the nervous restlessness which characterizes the disease, is abated. This improvement is not transient. It is not succeeded by the return of the old symptoms with superadded force, as is always the case when unmedicated stimulants are given for the complaint. Each dose seems to impart a permanent accession of healthful invigoration. But this is not all. The aperient and anti-bilious properties of the preparation are scarcely secondary in importance to its tonic virtues. If there is an overflow of bile the secretion is soon brought within proper limits, and if the biliary organ is inert and torpid, it is toned and regulated. The effect upon the discharging organs is equally salutary, and in cases of constipation the cathartic action, is just sufficient to produce the desired result gradually and without pain. The Bitters also promote healthy evaporation from the surface, which is particularly desirable at this season when sudden spells of raw, unpleasant weather are apt to check the natural perspiration and produce congestion of the liver, coughs and colds. *The best safeguard against bodily diseases is bodily vigor*, and this the great Vegetable Restorative especially promotes.

MCKELVY, NEAL & CO.,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

AND

General Merchandise,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Jan26'72-tf

PERFECT COMBUSTION.

SIGNAL LIGHT.

The first and only self-feeding Anthracite Coal Stove ever invented that will Perfectly Consume all the gases.

Warranted the BEST HEATING STOVE in the country.

Send for Price List and Circular to MITCHELL, STEVENSON & CO., Stove Manufacturers, Pittsburgh, Pa.

HEAD QUARTERS

FOR

BARGAINS.

—TO—

GREAT

CLOSING OUT

OF

WINTER GOODS.

In order to make room for Spring Goods I will close out the balance of my

FRENCH MERINO,

EMPRESS CLOTH,

WINTER POPLINS,

AND

WINTER SHAWLS

at great bargains.

FURS AT COST.

ALEXANDER KID GLOVES, at $1

J. & P. COATS' Cotton 80 cts. per doz.

M. P. LUTZ'S,

MAIN STREET,

NEXT TO COURT HOUSE.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

BRIGGS & BROTHER'S

Catalogue of Flower and Vegetable SEEDS.

AND

SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS, FOR 1872: Now ready. Consisting of over 130 pages, on rose tinted paper, with upwards of 4 0 separate cuts, and six Beautiful Colored Plates! Cover, a beautiful design, in colors. The richest Catalogue ever published. Send 25cts for copy, not one-half the value of the colored plates, in the *first* order, amounting to not less than $1, the price of Catalogue, 25c., will be refunded in seeds. New customers placed on the same foot with old. Free to old customers, Quality of seeds, size of packets, prices and premiums offered make it to the advantage of all to purchase seeds of us. See Catalogue for extraordinary inducements.

You will miss it if you do not see our Catalogue before ordering Seeds.

Either of our two Chromos for 1872, size 19x24—one a flower plate of Bulbous Plants, consisting of Lilies, &c.—the other of Annual, Biennial and Perennial Plants, guaranteed the

MOST ELEGANT FLORAL CHROMOS

ever issued in this country. A superb parlor ornament; mailed, post-paid, on receipt of 75c.; also free, on conditions specified in Catalogue. Address

BRIGGS & BROTHER,
[*Established 1845.*] ROCHESTER, NEW YORK.

WANTED.

ACTIVE AGENTS to sell the Finkle and Lyon Manufacturing Co's Improved New Family Sewing Machine.

"VICTOR"

General Office for Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware,

No 1227 CHESTNUT ST., PHILA.
J. L. FERGUSON, Manager.

PROFITABLE BUSINESS

Will be given one or two persons, of either sex, in BLOOMSBURG and adjoining towns, by which they may realize from $500 to $1000 a year, with but little interference with ordinary occupation, in selling HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES of real merit and universal use. If the whole time is devoted a much larger sum may be realized. Circulars free, giving complete list of articles and commissions allowed. T. S. COOK & CO., Hoboken, N. J.

WHITNEY'S NEATS FOOT HARNESS SOAP. STEAM REFINED.

IT Oils, Blacks Polishes and Soaps at the same time. Put up in large and small boxes, also in 3 lb bars. Has been in use for years and gives perfect satisfaction. Send stamp for our WAVERLY. Address G. F. WHITNEY & CO. 59 Milk St., Boston, Mass. 1.16-6m

CLARK & WOLF'S COLUMN.

LARGE STOCK

OF

FALL GOODS

WHICH ARE NOW IN STORE.

THEY WILL SELL THEM

Low For Cash

OR

PRODUCE.

CLARK & WOLF

HAVE

CALL AND SEE,

Opposite Brown's Hotel

BLOOMSBURG.

We offer a SILK CORDED POPLIN that sold at $1.50 now at $1.25 per yard.

A splendid JAPANESE STRIPE at $1.00 per yard.

A full line of BLACK ALPACA from 30 cents to $1.25 per yard.

Our 85 cent Alpaca can't be beat, our 75 cent Alpaca prime.

And you know our 65 ct. Alpaca is the best in the Market for the money.

A Sixteen bone CORSET at 50 cents.

Our $1.50 Long bone CORSET is worth buying.

Bleached and unbleached MUSLIN, a full stock.

APPLETON A., at 14 cents by the bolt, 15 cents by the yard.

Ladies White Hose,
Ladies Merino Hose,
Ladies Balmoral Hose
Ladies Balbigane, Hose,
Ladies Iron Frame Hose

Ladies FRINGED SUITING CLOTH for Polonaises at $2.00 per yard.

Fleeced Hose,
Misses one-half Hose
Hose in extra Size
Misses Ribbed Hose
Men Woolen one half Hose

SHIRTS AND DRAWERS

Ladies Vests
Cardigan Jankets
Ladies Cloth Gloves
Ladies Berlind Gloves
Ladies Buck Gauntlets

WOOL SCARFS, NUBIAS, HOODS.

Buck Gloves
Ladies Fur top Gloves
Gents Fur to Gloves
Buck Gloves and Mittens
Ladies Kid Gloves
Gents Cloth Back Buck Palm Gloves

Shawls of all Kinds.

Ribbons
Velveteens
Empress Cloth
Dress Goods
Dundes Robes
Black Satin
Velvet Ribons
Beaver Cloth

Cassimers and Flanels

OIL CLOTHS 4-4, 6-4 and 8-4 wide.

TEA SETTS of 56 pieces, Iron stone ware at $3.75 per sett.

Our stock of TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES, &c., is full and at the lowest figures.

Our stock of NOTIONS is full and complete.

BOOTS and SHOES, a full line.

CLARK & WOLF are closing out their stock of SHAWLS at reduced prices, many of them at cost.

We carried no stock of FURS over from last season, our present stock is large and all new, and we offer them from $2.50 to $25.00 per set.

WATER-PROOF CLOAKING at $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75.

Legal Notices.

LICENSE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following petitions for License to sell liquor have been filed in the Prothonotary's office and will be presented to the court at February term, A. D., 1872:

Israel Heller, Greenwood twp	Hotel
J. V. Gallaspy, "	"
Humphrey Parker "	"
John Leggott, "	"
Hiram Hess, Benton	"
Andrew J. Heiler, Benton	"
J. Paul Fry, Beaver	"
John S. Mann, Centre twp	"
John Davis, "	"
Theodore Howell, Lime Ridge	"
William Peiffer, Centralia	"
William Sutter, Rupert	"
William Unangst, Scott	"
Bogart & Kramer, Greenwood	Liquor Store
William Farrey, Centralia	"
Daniel F. Curry, "	"
F. S. Shuman, Catawissa	"
D. Cosgrove, Conyngham twp	Eating House
Edward Curley, Centralia boro'	"
Peter and Stohner, Bloomsburg	Restaurant
Fred Gilmore, "	"
Thomas Monroe, Conyngham	"

R. H. RINGLER, Prothonotary.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF FANNY KLINE, DEC'D.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Fanny Kline, late of Orange township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Abraham Kline of same place. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

ABRAHAM KLINE,
Jan5'72-6w. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF JOHN R. DAVIS, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of John R. Davis, late of Benton township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Samuel Appleman of same place. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned, administrator without delay.

SAMUEL APPLEMAN,
Jan5'72-6w. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF CATHARINE OHL DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Catharine Ohl, late of Hemlock twp., Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Eli Ohl, administrator. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned, administrators, without delay.

ELI OHL,
Jan. 5,'72-6w Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF EPHRAIM EVANS, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Ephraim Evans, late of Briarcreek township, Columbia county, Pa., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Daniel Rambach of the same place. All

Agricultural.

WORK FOR WINTER.—While other work is slack, attention may be given to the large rocks upon the farm. These can as well be properly drilled in the winter as at any other season of the year. Blasting can be deferred until the ground has become sufficiently thawed to enable one to dig around them and leave them free from external pressure. Many of the holes, during rains or melting of snow, will fill with water, which, freezing, will often break the rocks, thus avoiding any occasion for blasting.

Draw your plaster at this season that you may have it ready for use in the spring. Select your clover seed now, and use none but the best. This is the time to look up seed for next season. Get the best; no matter at what cost. Poor seed gives poor crops, poor crops bring poor prices, and poor prices make poor farmers.

Don't permit a single animal to fall off in flesh; keep them up in good heart. Look well to the manure pile; let none of it waste; save all, every particle. A waste of manure is a stinting of your next crops. Throw the horse manure behind the cows, that it may soak up the liquid. Mix the various manures and there will be less waste. Don't forget the droppings from pigs and fowls. Save all. Keep your road horses well and sharp shod; many a fine animal has been ruined by neglect in this matter. Don't let any brood animal have an opportunity to wander upon ice; know where they are. A little slip will frequently produce a premature birth, and a fall is almost sure to do so. In mild weather, scrape the rough bark from the fruit trees, and wash them with soap suds.

HOW TO STRIP A HIDE.—Almost every farmer has occasion, at least once a year, to take the hide off either a beef or a mutton, now and then. In any case there is a right way to do this which is worth knowing. A hide properly stripped off is nearly square, but otherwise it is far from that shape. To proceed properly, lay the carcass on the back, run a sharp knife from the chin down along the belly in a straight line to the root of the tail. The knife should have a sharp point and be inserted edge upwards beneath the skin, when it should be run steadily along. Then commence at the split of the hoof on the fore foot and run the knife down over the knee in a straight line to the brisket where it meets the main cut. When the other fore leg has been completed, commence at the heel of the hind, go down the back of the buttock to the first split. When the hide is loose and spread out, it will be seen that there are no such irregularities in its contour, as if the cuts had been made down the inside of the legs, as is often done.—*American Agriculturist.*

HOW TO CURE HAMS.—Here is J. Howard McHenry's recipe: The meat after being cut out must be rubbed, piece by piece, with very finely powdered saltpeter, on the flesh side, and where the flesh is cut off, a tablespoonful (not heaped) to each ham, a dessert spoonful to each shoulder, and about half that quantity to each middling and jowl; this must be rubbed in. Then salt it by packing a thin coating of salt on the flesh side of each piece, say one half inch thick, pack the pieces on a scaffolding, or on a floor with strips of plank laid a few inches apart all over it (that is, under the meat); the pieces must be placed skin side down, in the following order: First layer, hams; second layer, shoulders; third, jowls; fourth, middlings—take the spare ribs out of the middlings. The meat must lie in this wise: six weeks if the weather is mild, eight if very cold—the brine being allowed to run off freely.

SPREADING MANURE.—An exchange says: We think it a wrong practice, when hauling out manure in the fall or winter, to place it in heaps. It is better to spread it at once. In the first place labor is saved. But most important of all is the fact that much of the manure is wasted when placed in heaps. If spread at once, it is more equally divided than it can be afterwards. We once hauled out manure on a field, leaving it in heaps until the hauling was completed. During this time some showers fell. The land was sown to oats next spring, and on the spot where the heap had been the grain lodged and was spoiled. The following crop was wheat, and on those spots the wheat rusted and yielded nothing, while the growth of straw was remarkable. We have never since repeated the practice.

SEED CORN.—Ears of corn that have been selected for seed should be hung up in a dry, cool place. Taken promiscuously from the crib in the spring, it is more than likely that the majority of the grains will have become injured and unfit for seed, and then the white grubs, cut-worms and crows will be accused of destroying the young shoots, which really never existed. There is no better place to hang up the seed ears than in the top of the crib, where mice or rats cannot reach them, and where a constant current of air is passing. If we would improve our corn, we must select the seed as well as give it good cultivation.

DIPTHERIA CURED WITH LEMON JUICE.—Some time ago, Dr. Revilout, in a paper presented to the French Academy of Medicine, asserted that lemon juice is one of the most efficacious remedies that can be applied to diptheria, and he relates that when a dresser in the hospital, his own life was saved by this timely application. He got three dozen lemons, and gargled his throat with the juice, swallowing a little at the same time in order to act on the more deep seated parts. The doctor has noted numerous cases of complete success obtained by this method of treatment.

TO PREVENT TURNIPS FLAVORING MILK AND MEAT.—When turnips and rutabagas are fed to milch cows and fattening sheep and beeves, the milk and butter and meat will have a decided flavor of the roots. This may be prevented by feeding the cows only immediately after milking, and by changing the feed of fat animals from roots to hay and meal three or four days previous to slaughtering, there will be no unpleasant flavor in the meat.

A farmer recently killed a pig, and being asked how much it weighed, replied that it did not weigh as much as he expected, and he did not expect it would.

Young Folks.

A Fox Outwitted.

One day in the middle of winter a hare and a fox took a walk together. It was during a hard frost; the ground was covered with snow, not a bit of green grass was to be seen, and there was nothing moving about, not even a mouse or a robbit.

"This is hungry weather," said the fox to the hare; "my limbs ache with cold."

"It is, indeed," answered the hare; "not a morsel of food to be found anywhere. I could almost eat my own ears if I could only manage to get them into my mouth."

In this hungry mood they trotted along side by side. After some time they saw a peasant girl coming toward them with a large basket in her hand, and out of the basket came a smell which was very pleasant to the fox and hare—the refreshing smell of new rolls.

"I'll tell you what we will do, puss," said the fox. "Do you lie down your full length on the ground and pretend you are dead. When the girl comes up she will put down her basket to pick you up for the sake of your poor skin, for hare skins make capital gloves. While she is doing this I will run off with the bread basket, and we shall have something to comfort us this cold day.

Puss did as Reynard bid her, lay down and pretended to be dead, whilst the fox hid himself behind the snow-drift. Soon the girl came up, observed the hare with its legs stretched out, put down her basket, as the fox had said she would, and stooped to pick up the hare. In a moment the fox jumped out of his hiding place, snatched up the basket and was off with it like a shot across the fields, and Puss, coming to life again, scampered after her companion. But Sir Fox showed no inclination to stop and share the rolls; he evidently intended to eat them all himself, of which the hare did not at all approve. However, she did not utter a word until they came up to a small pond; then she said to the fox:

"How nice it would be if we could get a dish of fish, too! Then we should have fish and white bread, just like the great folks. Suppose you dip your tail in the water, and the fishes, which have not much to bite at just now, will hang on to it. But you must not lose any time about it or the pond will be frozen."

Reynard though that some fish would be a great relish with the rolls. He went down to the pond, which was on the point of freezing, and hung his tail in. After a few minutes the tail was fast frozen in, and the poor fox was a prisoner. Then the hare took the bread basket from under Reynard's nose and eat up the rolls, one after the other, as coolly as possible, saying to him, "Stop there now until it thaws; you have only to wait till the spring comes; wait for the thaw;" and then she ran off and left the poor fox barking after her like an angry dog chained to a post.

The Fox, the Goat, and the Carrots.

A fox and a goat were walking together on the main road. After having advanced a few yards they saw a bag lying at the side of the hedge.

"I wonder what there may be in that bag?" said the goat.

"I'll see," said the fox, and putting his mouth to the string with which the bag was tied, he bit it through in a moment. Then seizing the bottom of the bag with his teeth, he shook it, and the most splendid carrots rolled out.

"These are for me," said the fox, "for I have opened the bag."

"You shan't touch them," answered the goat, "else I'll batter you with my horns till your ribs crack."

The fox looked at the large horns of the goat, and showed his teeth. The goat, seeing the fox's teeth, thought within himself, "I don't like those sharp fellows." And the fox thought, "I don't believe my ribs would stand those horns."

So they kept standing over the carrots, and looking at each other, but neither had the courage to touch the spoils.

After a pause the fox said:

"What's the use of our standing here? Let is see which of us is the stronger. Yonder are two heaps of stones. Take you one of them and I'll take the other, and he who first throws down his heap shall have the carrots."

"Very well," said the goat. So they went each to his heap.

The goat placed himself on his hind legs, and hooked with his horns till the ground rebounded, but the heap kept immovable.

"You don't hit hard enough," said the fox. "Take a run at it."

The goat went a few steps back, and ran at the heap as violently as he could. Crack! crack! and both his horns fell down to the ground.

When the fox saw this he began dancing upon his hind legs.

"Ah, my dear fellow," said he, "the carrots are now for me."

"Not yet," said the goat. "You have not thrown down your heap, and if you touch the carrots before then, I'll fight you with the stumps that are left on my head."

The fox looked at the goat's stumps, and thought, "One of them is very sharp; he might rip up my sides."

"Very well," he said; "I'll throw down my heap; it's a trifle to me."

The fox began digging around with his forefeet till there was a large hole in the ground. The heap tottered and fell; but, hallo! it fell on the fox and broke his left hind leg.

There they stood, looking at one another with sad countenances; the one with broken horns, the other with a broken leg.

"Jump at the carrots," said the goat, maliciously. "I now leave them to you."

"I can't," sighed the fox; "my leg pains me too much. You may take them."

"Very well," said the goat, and ran toward the bag. But, oh dear! there was neither bag nor carrots, for during their quarrel a pessant had passed by and picked up both.

"Alas!" cried the goat, "what fools we are! Had we divided the treasure in peace, I would have saved my horns, you your leg, and each of us would have had enough of carrots."

IF you know anything that will make a brother's heart glad, run quick and tell it; but if it is something that will cause a sigh, battle it up.

Patent Medicines.

AN APPEAL

To Debilitated Persons,
To Dyspeptics,
To Sufferers from Liver Complaint,
To those having no Appetite,
To those with Broken Down Constitutions,
To Nervous people,
To Children Wasting Away,
To any with Debilitated Digestive Organs,

Or suffering with any of the following Symptoms, which indicate Disordered Liver or Stomach,

such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and dull pain in the head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

A Bitters without Alcohol or Spirits of any kind,

Is different from all others. It is composed of the pure Juices, or *Vital Principle of Roots, Herbs,* and *Barks,* (or as medicinally termed Extracts,) the worthless or inert portions of the ingredients not being used. Therefore in one Bottle of this Bitters there is contained as much medicinal virtue as will be found in several gallons of ordinary mixtures. The Roots, &c., used in this Bitters are grown in Germany, their vital principles extracted in that country by a scientific Chemist, and forwarded to the manufactory in this city, where they are compounded and bottled. Containing no spirituous ingredients, this Bitters is free from the objection urged against all others: no desire for stimulants can be induced from their use, they cannot make drunkards, and cannot under any circumstances, have any but a beneficial effect.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

Was compounded for those not inclined to extreme bitters, and is intended for use in cases when some alcoholic stimulant is required in connection with the Tonic properties of the Bitters. Each bottle of the Tonic contains one bottle of the Bitters, combined with pure SANTA CRUZ RUM, and flavored in such a manner that the extreme bitterness of the bitters is overcome, forming a preparation highly agreeable and pleasant to the palate, and containing the medicinal virtues of the Bitters. The price of the Tonic is $1.50 per Bottle which many persons think too high. They must take into consideration that the stimulant used is guaranteed to be of a pure quality. A poor article could be furnished at a cheaper price, but is it not better to pay a little more and have a good article? A medicinal preparation should contain none but the best ingredients; and they who expect to obtain a cheap compound, and be benefitted by it will most certainly be cheated.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
OR
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,
WITH
HOOFLAND'S PODOPHYLLIN PILL,
WILL CURE YOU.
They are the Greatest
BLOOD PURIFIERS

Known to the Medical world, and will eradicate diseases arising from impure blood, Debility of the Digestive Organs, or diseased Liver, in a shorter time than any other known remedies.

The whole SUPREME COURT of Pennsylvania
SPEAK FOR THESE REMEDIES.

Who would ask for more Dignified and Stronger Testimony?

Hon. GEORGE W. WOODWARD, *former Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, a present Member of Congress from Pennsylvania writes:*

PHILADELPHIA, March 16th, 1867.
I find "Hoofland's German Bitters" is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility and want of action in the system. Yours truly
GEORGE W. WOODWARD.

Hon. JAMES THOMSON, *Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.*

PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1867.
I consider "Hoofland's German Bitters" a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it. Yours, with respect,
JAMES THOMSON,

Hon. GEORGE SHARSWOOD, *Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.*

PHILADELPHIA, June 1, 1868.
I have found by experience that "Hoofland's German Bitters" is a very good tonic, relieving dyspeptic symptoms almost directly.
GEORGE SHARSWOOD.

Hon. Wm. F. Rogers, *Mayor of the City of Buffalo, N. Y.*

Mayor's Office, Buffalo, June 22, 1869.
I have used "Hoofland's German Bitters and Tonic" in my family during the past year, and can recommend them as an excellent tonic, imparting tone and vigor to the system. Their use has been productive of decidedly beneficial effects. WM. F. ROGERS.

Hon. James M. Wood, *Ex-Mayor of Williamsport Pa.*

I take great pleasure in recommending "Hoofland's German Tonic" to any one who may be afflicted with Dyspepsia. I had the Dyspepsia so badly it was impossible to keep my food in my stomach, and I became so weak as not to be able to walk half a mile. Two bottles of Tonic effected a perfect cure. JAMES M. WOOD.

REMEMBER
THAT
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
AND
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC
Will Cure every case of
MARASMUS,
Or Wasting away of the Body.
REMEMBER
THAT
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN REMEDIES

Are the medicines you require to purify the Blood, excite the torpid Liver to healthy action, and to enable you to pass safely through any hardships or exposure.

DR. HOOFLAND'S
PODOPHYLLIN,
OR
SUBSTITUTE FOR MERCURY PILLS.
TWO PILLS A DOSE.
The most Powerful, Yet Innocent, Vegetable Cathartic known.

It is not necessary to take a handfull of these Pills to produce the desired effect; two of them act upon the system powerfully, cleansing the Liver, Stomach and Bowels of all impurities. The principle ingredient is Podophyllin, or the Alcoholic Extract of Mandrake, which is by many times more powerful, acting and searching than the Mandrake itself. Its peculiar action is upon the Liver, cleaning it speedily from all obstructions, with all the power of Mercury, yet free from the injurious results attached to the use of that mineral.

For all diseases in which the use of a cathartic is indicated, these pills will give entire satisfaction in every case. They NEVER FAIL.

In cases of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and extreme costiveness, Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters or Tonic should be used in connection with the Pills. The tonic effect of the Bitters or Tonic builds up the system. The Bitters or Tonic purifies the Blood, strengthens the Nerves, REGULATES the Liver, and gives strength, energy and vigor.

Keep your Bowels active with the Pills, and tone up the system with Bitters or Tonic, and no disease can retain the hold, or even assail you.

Recollect that it is DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN Remedies that are so universally used and highly recommended; and do not allow the Druggist to induce you to take anything that he may say is just as good, because he makes a larger profit on it.

These Remedies will be sent by express to any locality, upon application to the PRINCIPAL OFFICE, at the GERMAN MEDICINE STORE, 631 Arch St., Philadelphia.

CHAS. M. EVANS, Proprietor.

These Remedies are for sale by Druggists Storekeepers, and Medicine Dealers every where

Miscellaneous.

I. W. NILES,

MUSIC WAREROOMS

A general assortment of

MUSICAL MERCHANDISE ALWAYS ON HAND.

VIOLINS,

CONCERTINAS,

FLAGOLETS,

FIFES,

DRUMS,

HARMONICAS, &c.

VIOLIN STRINGS OF THE BEST QUALITY

THE LATEST SHEET MUSIC.

PIANO AND ORGAN STOOLS ALL STYLES AND PRICES.

A BETTER ASSORTMENT OF ORGANS THAN CAN BE FOUND ELSEWHERE.

THE TEMPLE ANGELIC ORGAN WHICH HAS THE SWEETEST TONE THAT CAN BE FOUND IN A REED ORGAN.

☞Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Wareroom Main Street, below Market, opposite Coreli's furniture warerooms, Bloomsburg, Pa. aug.25'71-1y

HEAD QUARTERS
FOR
BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS,
IS AT
E. M. KNORR'S
CHEAPEST AND BEST
The County Affords
AT
CASH PRICES
LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS
IN BOOTS AND SHOES THIS FALL,
Come and Examine
Before Purchasing Elsewhere.
E. M. KNORR,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
September 8 1871-tf.

A. J. EVANS.

READY MADE
AND
CUSTOM MADE
CLOTHING.

HE HAS THE
FINEST GOODS, LATEST STYLES
AND EMPLOYS THE
BEST WORKMEN.

For good fits and promptness in filling orders there is the place to go.

His goods are selected with care and his Custom Work will compare favorably with the best efforts of the fashionable city Dealer.

HE KEEPS A LARGE STOCK OF
BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING
AND
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
At Astonishingly Low Prices.
Bloomsburg, Sept. 29, 1871-tf

JOHN G. JACOBY'S
BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY!
BERWICK, PENN'A.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the Citizens of Berwick, and vicinity, that he has opened a Confectionery and Bakery in

ODD FELLOWS' HALL,
Berwick, Pa., where he is prepared to furnish all kinds of
PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES,
FRENCH CANDIES,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS
ORANGES, LEMONS, RAISINS
&c., &c., &c., &c.
BY WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Among the assortment will be found Cream Nuts, English Walnuts, Peanuts, Almonds, Filberts, Figs, Apples, Cocoa Nuts, Jellies of different kinds, Mustard, Catsup, Pickles, Chocolate, Canned Fruit of all kinds, Corn Starch, Egg Biscuit, Soda Crackers, Oyster Crackers, Cheese, Soap, Writing Paper, Agreement Papers, Envelopes,

FISH AND OYSTERS,

And produce of all kinds. Fresh Bread an Cakes every day. Ice Cream in Season, Your patronage is solicited.
JOHN G. JACOBY.
Berwick, Jan 1'71—tf

60 CENTS PER POUND FOR BEST TEA IMPORTED!
GREEN, BLACK, JAPAN AND MIXED!!
BROKEN TEA LEAF!!!

This "Broken Tea Leaf" is of the finest quality and of the most exquisite flavor. It is pure leaf, has no stems, and is a third stronger than the whole leaf, and but one half its price.

All the first-class hotels throughout the country are using it continuously and satisfactorily. It is put up for family use in caddies of 15 pounds, and sent, C. O. D., to any address, and for the trade in half chests, upon which will be allowed a liberal discount. Samples sent free. Address,
PHILA. "BROKEN TEA LEAF CO."
No. 11 South FRONT Street,
Jan1'72-3m. PHILADELPHIA.

Miscellaneous.

MILLER'S STORE.
S. H. MILLER & SON,

have removed their Store to the room formerly occupied by Mendenhall, on Main street, Bloomsburg, nearly opposite the Episcopal Church where they are determined to sell on as moderate terms as can be procured else where. Their stock comprises

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

of the choicest styles and latest fashions, together with a large assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, consisting of the following articles

Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Otts,
Cassimeres,
Shawls,
Flannels,
Silks,
White Goods
Linens,
Hoop Skirts,
Muslins,
Hallowware
Cedarware
Hardware
Queensware,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps
Hoop Nets,
Umbrellas,
Looking-Glasses,
Tobacco,
Coffee,
Sugars,
Teas,
Rice,
Allspice,
Ginger,
Cinnamon,
Nutmegs

AND NOTIONS GENERALLY.

In short, everything usually kept in country stores, to which they invite the attention of the public generally. The highest price will be paid for country produce in exchange for goods.
S. H. MILLER & SON.
oct 1871—tf Bloomsburg Pa.

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.
Fresh arrival of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS
DAVID LOWENBERG
invites attention to his stock of
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.
at his store on
Main Street, in Shive's block, one door West o C. C. Marr's store,
Bloomsburg, Pa.,
where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of
MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
including the most fashionable, durable and handsome
DRESS GOODS,
consisting of
BOX, SACK, ROCO, GUM, AND OIL-CLOTH COATS AND PANTS,
of all sorts, sizes and colors. He has also replenished his already large stock of
FALL AND WINTER SHAWLS,
STRIPED, FIGURED, AND PLAIN VESTS
SHIRTS, CRAVATS, STOCKS, COLLARS
HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS, AND FANCY ARTICLES
He has constantly on hand a large and well-selected assortment of
CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,
which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear, and most of it is of home manufacture.
GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
of every description, fine and cheap. His case of jewelry is not surpassed in this place. Call and examine his general assortment of
CLOTHING, WATCHES JEWELRY, &C.
oct1871 DAVID LOWENBERG.

ROSADALIS
OSADALIS

THE INGREDIENTS THAT COMPOSE ROSADALIS are published on every package, therefore it is not a secret preparation, consequently
PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE IT
It is a certain cure for Scrofula, Syphilis in all its forms, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint and all diseases of the Blood.
ONE BOTTLE OF ROSADALIS
will do more good than ten bottles of the Syrups of Sarsaparilla.
THE UNDERSIGNED PHYSICIANS
have used Rosadalis in their practice for the past three years and fully endorse it as a reliable Alterative and Blood Purifier.
DR. T. C. PUGH, of Baltimore.
DR. T. J. BOYKIN, "
DR. R. W. CARR, "
DR. P. O. DONNELLY, "
DR. J. S. SPARKS, of Nicholasville, Ky.
DR. J. L. McCARTHA, Columbia, S. C.
DR. A. S. NOBLES, Edgecomb, N. C.
USED AND ENDORSED BY
I. B. FRENCH & SONS, Fall River, Mass.
F. W. SMITH, Jackson, Mich.
A. J. WHEELER, Lima, Ohio
E. E. HALL, Bismarck, Ohio.
CRAVEN & CO., Goodsville, Va.
SAML. G. McFADDEN, Murfreesboro, Tenn.

Our space will not allow of any extended remarks in addition to the virtues of Rosadalis. To the Medical Profession we guarantee a Blood Purifier superior to any they have ever used in the treatment of diseased blood; and to the afflicted we say try Rosadalis, and you will be restored to health.

Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists, price $1.50 per bottle. Address
DR. CLEMENTS & CO.
Manufacturing Chemists,
BALTIMORE, Md.

BALTIMORE PIANOS.

We respectfully call the attention of those desiring to purchase our make of Pianos. We are satisfied that we can give satisfaction in every case. Our workmen skillful and experienced and are under the personal superintendence of the members of our firm. We use only the best seasoned timber, and the material in general is first class. Our Pianos without exception have the patent agraffes arrangement throughout, which in the opinion of the most competent judges is pronounced valuable. By this improvement a Piano is made more durable and keeps the tone longer. We claim for our instruments that they are second to none, and they combine all the essential elements that constitute superior workmanship. We will give a written guarantee for five years.

Mr. ENMAN FREIMAN, member of our firm, will visit Bloomsburg four times a year to repair and attend to tuning of all Pianos. In the absence of Mr. FREIMAN, Mr. I. K. MILLER will attend to our business in Bloomsburg and is authorized to receive and solicit orders.

We can give the very best references.
GAERLE & CO.
Baltimore, M. D.

J. K. MILLER, Dealer in Pianos, Organs and Melodeons five octave and five stop organs of the best make, sold at $110. Terms easy. june 23

AGENTS WANTED FOR
A VERY SUPERIOR BOOK,
"BOW IN THE CLOUD."

Edited by RT. REV. WM. BACON STEVENS, D. D., L. L. D.

It is full of the *richest* and *rarest* thoughts, unfolding the *glorious* Covenant Promises of our God. Superbly illustrated and bound in *new* designs of *rare* elegance.

It is a *Gem* among books.—*Zion's Herald.*

It is one of the most elegant books ever issued from the American press—*Watchman and Reflector.*

This is a book of surpassing beauty.—*N. Y. Observer.*

A LOVELY BOOK FOR A HOLIDAY GIFT.

Enriched with 20 exquisite gems of poetry. First-class Agents are making $10 to $20 per day. Price low. Terms extra. For circulars address,
HUBBARD BROS., Publishers,
dec'6 71-tf 723 Sansom St., Phila.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The undersigned wishing to retire from business now offers at private sale his entire property situated in Orangeville, consisting of a one-half interest in the well known

FOUNDRY AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

together with the Engine, Lathes and other Machinery belonging to the same, also the entire stock now on hand, together with a valuable pair of horses, and the wagons, sleds, Harness, &c., also his town lots on which is erected a good frame dwelling, also, twenty-five acres, known as the Dr. Lott property about ten of which are cleared, the balance timbered.

Prices reasonable. Possession given at any time to suit purchasers. Apply to or address,
WILLIAM SCHUYLER,
oct. 6,'71-tf. Orangeville, Columbia co. Pa.

Drugs and Chemicals.

THE CAUSE AND CURE OF CONSUMPTION.

The primary cause of Consumption is derangement of the digestive organs. This derangement produces deficient nutrition and assimilation By assimilation I mean that process by which the nutriment of the food is converted into blood, and thence into the solids of the body. Persons with digestion thus impaired, having the slightest predisposition to pulmonary disease, or if they take cold, will be very liable to have Consumption of the Lungs in some of its forms; and I hold that it will be impossible to cure any case of Consumption without first restoring a good digestion and healthy assimilation. The very first thing to be done is to cleanse the stomach and bowels from all diseased mucus and slime, which is clogging these organs to that they cannot perform their functions, and then rouse up and restore the liver to a healthy action. For this purpose the surest and best remedy is Schenck's Mandrake Pills. These Pills clean the stomach and bowels of all the dead and morbid slime that is causing disease and decay in the whole system. They will clear out the liver of all diseased bile that has accumulated there, and rouse it up to a new and healthy action, by which natural and healthy bile is secreted.

The stomach, bowels, and liver are thus cleansed by the use of Schenck's Mandrake Pills; but there remains in the stomach an excess of acid, the organ is torpid and the appetite poor. In the bowels the lacteals are weak, and requiring strength and support. It is in a condition like this that Schenck's Seaweed Tonic proves to be the most valuable remedy ever discovered. It is alkaline, and its use will neutralize all excess of acid, making the stomach sweet and fresh; it will give permanent tone to this important organ, and create a good, hearty appetite, and prepare the system for the first process of a good digestion, and ultimately make good, healthy, living blood. After this preparatory treatment, what remains to cure most cases of Consumption is the free and persevering use of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup. The Pulmonic Syrup nourishes the system, purifies the blood, and is readily absorbed into the circulation, and thence distributed to the diseased lungs. There it ripens all morbid matters, whether in the form of abscesses or tubercles, and then assists Nature to expel all the diseased matter, in the form of free expectoration, when once it ripens. It is then, by the great healing and purifying properties of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, that all ulcers and cavities are healed up sound, and my patient is cured.

The essential thing to be done in curing Consumption is to get up a good appetite and a good digestion, so that the body will grow in flesh and get strong. If a person has diseased lungs, and the matter cannot ripen, or if ripe, the cavity cannot heal, the matter cannot ripen, so long as the system is below par. What is necessary to cure is a new order of things,—a good appetite, a good nutrition, the body to grow in flesh and get fat; then Nature is helped, the cavities will heal, the matter will ripen and be thrown off in its quantities, and the person regain strength. This is the true and only plan to cure Consumption, and if a person is very bad, if the lungs are not entirely destroyed, or even if none but one lung is entirely gone, if there is enough vitality left in the other to heal up, there is hope.

I have seen many persons cured with only one sound lung, who are living and enjoying good health now. This is what Schenck's Medicines will do to cure Consumption. They will clean out the stomach, sweeten and strengthen it, get up a good digestion, and give Nature the assistance she needs to clear the system of all the disease that is in the lungs, whatever the form may be.

It is important that while using Schenck's Medicines, care should be exercised not to take cold; keep in-doors in cold and damp weather; avoid night air, and take out-door exercise only in a genial and warm sunshine.

I wish it distinctly understood that when I recommend a patient to be careful in regard to taking cold, while using my Medicines, I do so for a special reason. A man who has but partially recovered from the effects of a bad cold is far more liable to a relapse than one who has been entirely cured; and it is precisely the same in regard to Consumption. So long as the lungs are not perfectly healed, just so long is there imminent danger of a full return of the disease. Hence it is that I so strenuously caution pulmonary patients against exposing themselves to an atmosphere that is not genial and pleasant. Confirmed Consumptives' lungs are a mass of sores, which the least change of atmosphere will inflame. The grand secret of my success with my Medicines consists in my ability to subdue inflammation instead of provoking it, as many of the faculty do. An inflamed lung cannot, with safety to the patient, be exposed to the biting blasts of Winter or the chilling winds of Spring or Autumn. It should be carefully shielded from all irritating influences. The utmost caution should be observed in this particular, as without it a cure under almost any circumstances is an impossibility.

The person should be kept on a wholesome and nutritious diet, and all the Medicines continued until the body has restored to it the natural quantity of flesh and strength.

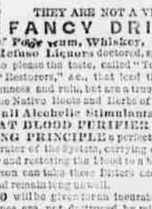
I was myself cured by this treatment of the worst kind of Consumption, and have lived to get fat and hearty these many years, with one lung mostly gone. I have cured thousands since and very many have been cured by this treatment whom I have never seen.

About the First of October I expect to take possession of my new building, at the Northeast Corner of Sixth and Arch Streets, where I shall be pleased to give advice to all who may require it.

Full directions accompany all my Remedies, so that a person in any part of the world can be readily cured by a strict observance of the same.
J. H. SCHENCK, M. D.
Philadelphia.

Johnson, Holloway & Cowden, 602 Arch street Philadelphia, wholesale agents. [nov1'71-1y.

A GREAT MEDICAL
Dr. WALKER'S
VINEGAR BITTERS
Hundreds of Thousands
Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.
WHAT ARE THEY?



THEY ARE NOT A VILE
FANCY DRINK,
made of Poor rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to Drunkenness and Ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.

$1000 will be given for an incurable case, provided the bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by Derangement of the Digestive Organs.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Boils, Carbuncles, Ringworms, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Scrofula, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effect.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French and Spanish.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.
☞SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
2870-1y

RHEUMATISM
NEURALGIA
$5000 WILL BE PAID

To any person producing any Medicine showing half as many permanent cures as DR. FITLER'S VEGETABLE RHEUMATIC REMEDY.—*Used incorrectly only.* A pleasant Medicine, free from injurious drugs. Warranted, under oath, to have permanently cured 9 in every 10 patients treated in the past ten years. (See testimony.) It is the scientific prescription of Professor Jos. Fitler, M. D., a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania A. D. 1833,—now one of Philadelphia's oldest regular physicians, and Professor of Chemistry and Toxicology,—who has made Neuralgia, Chronic and inflammatory Rheumatism the speciality of his entire professional life—a fact vouched for by the signatures accompanying each bottle, of many prominent renowned physicians, clergymen, and other testimonials. To protect sufferers from poisonous quack nostrums and useless expenditure of money, a legal signed guarantee, stating exact number of bottles warranted to cure, will be forwarded gratis to any sufferer sending by letter a full description of affliction. In case of failure to cure, amount paid positively refunded. Medicine sent anywhere by express, collect on delivery. Afflicted invited to write for advice; all information and medical advice sent by letter gratis. Principal office, 29 South Fourth street, Philadelphia, Pa. The Remedy is sold or obtained by Druggists.
mar 24'71—1y *

Miscellaneous.

CONTINENTAL.

Life Insurance Company.
OF NEW YORK.
No. of Policies Issued 43,000
ASSETS $5,500,000.

ISSUES all the new form of Policies and presents as favorable terms as any company in the United States.

The company will make temporary loans on its policies.

Thirty days' grace allowed on each payment, and the policy held good during that time.

All our policies are incontestable for the usual causes.

Policies issued by this company are non-forfeiture.

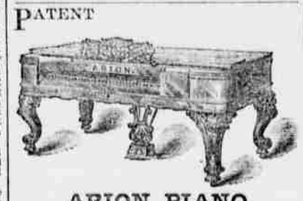
No extra charges made for travelling permits.

Policy holders share in the annual profits of the company, and have a voice in the elections and management of the company.

No policy or membership fee charged.
JUSTUS LAWRENCE, Pres't.
W. B. WYNKOOP, Vice Pres't.
J. P. ROGERS, Secretary.
S. C. CHANDLER, Jr., Actuary.

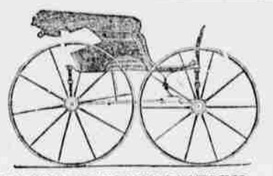
Central Office of North-Eastern Penn'a.
"COLUMBIAN" Building
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
LUDWIG & BROCKWAY,
General Agents.
Jan. 5,1872-tf.

PATENT



ARION PIANO.

The only *perfect* Instrument in the World. It is *unequalled* in Richness, Power, Brilliancy and Durability. Special terms to Teachers. Marked favors to Clergymen. Send for Illustrated Arion Pamphlet.
C. W. FOSTER General Agent.
mar 1071—tf.] MARCH CHUNK, PA.



CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER
Have on hand and for sale at the most reasonable rates a splendid stock of
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,
and every description of Wagons both
PLAIN AND FANCY
warranted to be made of the best and most durable materials, and by the most experienced workmen. All work sent out from the establishment will be found to be of the highest class and sure to give perfect satisfaction. They have also a fine assortment of
SLEIGHS
of all the newest and most fashionable styles well and carefully made and of the best materials.
An inspection of their work is asked as it is believed that none superior can be found in the country. jan 1'71

Rail Roads.

LACKAWANNA AND BLOOMSBURG RAILROAD
On and after Nov. 27, 1871, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

	Going North. Arrive	Going North. Leave	Going South Leave	Going South Leave
	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.
Scranton	9.10	1.15	1.45	10.05
Pittston	8.18	11.52	2.11	10.35
Kingston } St. & W.Barre } Cr's	8.35	12.31	2.33	11.00